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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. X.—NO. 30.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1881.

WHOLE NO. 498.

The Holland City News,

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

OTTO J. DOESBURG,
Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription:
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if
paid at six months.

OR PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
On square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents
first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-
quent insertion for any period under three
months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 " "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 " "	8 00	10 00	17 00
4 " "	10 00	17 00	25 00
5 " "	17 00	25 00	40 00
6 " "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three
changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three
lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-
lished without charge for subscribers.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote
expiration of the subscription. Two X sig-
nify that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo.
P. Rowell & Co's News-
paper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where
advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW
YORK.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & West Michigan R. R.

Taking Effect, Sunday, June 12, 1881.

From Holland to Chicago.				From Chicago to Holland.			
N't.	Day	Exp.	Mail.	N't.	Day	Exp.	Mail.
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	
10 20	1 55	10 50		3 25	9 40	5 15	
10 40		11 08	East Saugatuck	3 03		5 00	
10 55	2 20	11 20	Richmond	2 55	9 20	4 45	
12 00	2 50	11 55	Gd. Junction	2 15	8 45	3 35	
12 25	3 05	12 10	Bangor	2 00	8 30	3 35	
1 50	3 55	1 30	Benton Harbor	12 50	7 32	2 10	
2 05	4 05	1 45	St. Joseph	12 40	7 25	2 00	
3 30	4 50	2 50	New Buffalo	11 40	6 30	11 55	
7 30	7 40	5 50	Chicago	9 00	3 40	9 10	
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	

On Saturday night the Night express north runs
earlier, leaving Chicago 15 p. m., arriving at
Holland 1:30 Sunday morning.

GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.

From Holland to Grand Rapids.				From Grand Rapids to Holland.			
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	
5 30	9 45	3 25	Holland	10 45	1 50	11 00	
5 35	9 55	3 35	Zeeland	10 35	1 40	9 55	
5 57	10 07	3 52	Hudsonville	10 15		9 25	
6 15	10 15	4 05	Grandville	10 00	1 12	9 05	
6 35	10 30	4 2	Grand Rapids	9 45	1 00	8 45	
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	

On Sunday morning the Night Express leaves
Holland 1:40 and arrives in Grand Rapids 3:10 a. m.

MUSKEGON BRANCH.

From Holland to Muskegon.				From Muskegon to Holland.			
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	
7 30	3 25	10 40	Holland	4 06	1 35	11 40	
6 00		11 15	Pigeon	3 35			
		11 20	Bushkill	3 30			
		11 25	Johnville	3 25			
6 35	4 15	11 45	Grand Haven	3 05	12 40	8 40	
6 50	4 30	11 50	Ferryburg	3 00	12 35	8 35	
7 20	4 50	12 30	Muskegon	2 25	12 00	8 00	
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		p. m.	noon	p. m.	

MUSKEGON BRANCH.

From Holland to Muskegon.				From Muskegon to Holland.			
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		p. m.			
9 00			Holland		7 45		
10 25			Robinson		5 30		
11 10			Nunica		4 55		
12 10			Fruitport		4 10		
1 10			Muskegon		3 00		
p. m.				p. m.			

ALLEGAN BRANCH.

From Holland to Allegan.				From Allegan to Holland.			
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	
10 45	4 06		Holland	10 45	5 45		
11 15	4 30		Fillmore	10 15	5 10		
11 35	4 55		Hamilton	10 02	4 55		
12 00	5 10		Dunning	9 48	4 15		
12 45	5 35		Allegan	9 25	3 30		
p. m.				a. m.	p. m.		

* Mixed trains.
† Runs daily, all other trains daily except Sun-
day. All trains run by Chicago time.

Business Directory.

(Attorneys.)

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and
Notary Public; River street.

MCBRIDE, & CARROLL, Attorneys at Law,
Lebridge's Block, Grand Rapids, Michigan.
Business in Kent, Ottawa and Allegan Coun-
ties will be promptly attended to.

PARKS, W. H. Attorney and Counselor at Law,
corner of River and Eighth streets.

Barbers.

DE GROOT, L. barber. Hair cutting, shaving,
shampooing, hair-dyeing, etc., done at rea-
sonable rates. Barbershop next door to the City
Hotel. 14-17

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H. Commission Merchant, and
dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. High-
est market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick
store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

Dentist.

GEE, D. M., Dental Surgeon; residence and
office No. 42 Ninth street, next door to the
First Reformed Church.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Phy-
sician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

MEENGES, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medi-
cines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Per-
fumaries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medi-
cines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr.
W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; Eighth St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a
full stock of goods appertaining to the busi-
ness.

Dress Makers.

PERRY, C. A., Dress Maker and Hair Dresser,
would respectfully announce to the citizens
that she has opened Dressmaking and Hair Dress-
ing rooms, in the building, one cor. west of Grif-
fin's Drug Store, Washington street, Grand Haven.
Also teaches in Wax, Worsted, Lace, and other
fancy work. 31-ly

Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Fur-
niture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins,
Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN G., General Dealers, in Dry
Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps,
Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL. Mrs. J. Meyers & Sons, Pro-
prietors. The only first-class hotel in the
city. Is located in the business center of the town,
and has one of the largest and best sample rooms
in the State. Free bus in connection with the Ho-
tel. Holland, Mich. 10-ly

PHOENIX HOTEL. A. D. Nelson, proprietor.
Located near the City & W. Mich. R. R. de-
pot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and
its table is unsurpassed. On Ninth st., Holland,
Michigan. 10-ly

SCOTT'S HOTEL. Wm. J. Scott, proprietor.
This hotel is located on the cor. of Ninth and
Fish streets, convenient to both depots. Terms,
\$1.00 per day. Good accommodations can always
be relied on. Holland, Mich. 8-ly

Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office
and barn on Market street. Everything first-
class.

HAVERKATE, G. J., Livery and Boarding
stable. Fine rigs and good horses can al-
ways be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's
Hotel. 33-ly

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable;
Ninth street, near Market.

Meat Market.

BUTKAU, Wm. New Meat Market, near corner
Eighth and Fish Street. All kinds of sau-
sages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and
vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt,
and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper
and twine; 8th street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in
Agricultural Implements; commission agent
for Mowing Machines cor. 10th & River street.

PAULS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors
of Plunger Mills; (Steam Saw and Flour
Mills) near foot of 8th street.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and
Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor.
10th and River streets.

Notary Publics.

STEGENGA, A. P., Justice of the Peace and
Notary Public. Conveyancing done at short
notice. Office at his residence New Holland,
Michigan. 9-ly

Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, has made
the disease of the Eye, Ear and Throat a
special study. Office hours night and day, on the
cor. of Eighth and River sts., Holland, Mich. 6-ly

SCHOUTEN, F. J., Physician and Accoucher.
Office at Dr. Schouten's drug-store, Eighth
street. 40-ly.

MANTING, A. G., Physician and Surgeon;
office at Graafschap Village, Allegan county,
Mich. Office hours from 10 to 12 A. M. 26-ly.

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office
at his residence, Overysel, Mich.

Photographer.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer, Gal-
lery opposite this office.

Tobacco and Cigars.

THE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco,
Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO Watchmaker, Jeweler, and
dealer in Fancy Goods; Corner of Market
and Eighth Street.

Societies.

I. O. O. F.
Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order
of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd
Fellows Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday Evening
of each week.
Visiting brothers are cordially invited.
WILL H. ROGERS, N. G.
M. HARRINGTON, R. S.

F. & A. M.
A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE,
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall
Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, Sept.
7, at 7 o'clock, sharp.

H. C. MATRAU, W. M.
D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, 1/2 bushel	1 75	2 00
Bears, 1/2 bushel	1 75	2 00
Butter, 1 lb	12	20
Clover seed, 1 lb	4	10
Eggs, 1 dozen	13	12
Honey, 1 lb	2	13
Hay, 1 ton	10	00
Onions, 1/2 bushel	2	50
Potatoes, 1/2 bushel	2	50
Timothy seed, 1/2 bushel	2 50	2 75

Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white 1/2 bushel	1 25	1 27
Corn, shelled 1/2 bushel	40	50
Oats, 1/2 bushel	40	45
Buckwheat, 1/2 bushel	75	1 00
Brans, 100 lbs	85	85
Feed, 1 ton	21	00
" 100 lb	1 15	1 15
Barley, 100 lb	1 30	1 30
Middling, 100 lb	1 00	1 00
Flour, 1/2 brl	6 25	6 25
Pearl barley, 100 lb	3 50	3 50
Rye 1/2 bush	80	80
Corn Meal 100 lbs	1 05	1 05
Fine Corn Meal 100 lbs	1 60	1 60

Additional Local.

Mr. R. Van Kampen has got all the
necessary tools to move, raise or lower
buildings at short notice. He is also pre-
pared to build new dwellings, or repair
old ones, or do any kind of carpenter and
joiner's work. 18-ly.

The largest variety of Cigars and To-
baccos, the cheapest and the best, at
15 tf PESSINK'S.

If you want a nice dish of Ice Cream go
to the parlors fitted up for the purpose, at
15 tf E. S. DANGREMOND'S.

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps
of the approach of that more terrible disease
Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford
for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and
do nothing for it. We know from experience
that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never
fails. This explains why more than a million
bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup,
and Whooping Cough, at once. Mothers do not be-
lieve it. For Lame Back, Side or Chest, use
Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by D. R. Meengs.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to
free yourself of every symptom of these distress-
ing complaints. If you think so, call at our store
and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer, every bottle
has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and
if it does you no good it will cost you nothing.
Sold by D. R. Meengs.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh,
Diphtheria, Canker mouth and Head Ache, in
SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal in-
jector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire
health and sweet breath. Price 50 cts. Sold by D.
R. Meengs.

A large stock of bleached and un-
bleached cottons, and all kinds of dress
goods and trimmings has just arrived at
the store of G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.
Ladies are especially invited to call and
inspect. 12-tf

The finest Soda Water, Candies and
Cigars at (15-tf) E. S. DANGREMOND'S.

Just received at the store of G. Van
Putten & Sons, a large stock of new goods,
consisting of all kinds of gingham, table
linens, groceries, brushes of every de-
scription, notions, etc., etc. 26-tf

A FULL line of straw hats has just ar-
rived at the store of G. VAN PUTTEN
& SONS, ranging from 5 cents to the
nicest and costliest. 12-tf

It is important to travelers to know
that special inducements are offered by
the Burlington route. It will pay you to
read their advertisement to be found else-
where in this issue. 15-7m.

Theo. Kortlander. Adolph H. Kortlander.

Kortlander Bros.,
-We sell more fine Whiskies than any other
house in the State.

The board of examiners will devise
plans for the systematic visitation of
schools by the chairmen of boards of in-
spectors, and for the full reporting of the
condition and character of schools and
teachers.

In our efforts to secure the best possi-
ble results of the new school law, in the
efficiency and prosperity of our schools,
we most earnestly solicit the hearty co-
operation of district board, teachers,
parents, and all others interested.

A. W. TAYLOR, Chairman.
J. F. ZWEMER, Secretary.
SPRING LAKE, Mich., Aug. 25, 1881.

An Entire Success.
It has been proved by the most reliable
testimony that Thomas' Electric Oil is
an entire success in curing the most in-
veterate cases of rheumatism, neuralgia,
lame back, and wounds of every descrip-
tion.

AYER'S Ague Cure has saved thousands
of lives in the malarial districts of this
and other countries. It is warranted a
certain and speedy remedy, and free from
all harmful ingredients.

"Bakers' Pure Hand-made Sour Mash Bourbon."
(The best in the State.) "Kentucky Pride" hand-
made sour-mash. "Jackson Sour Mash." "The
finest in the Land." "Dewey Bourbon." "J.
R. Clay" "B. B. Miller's Rye." The Limestone
Creek Sour Mash, and the finest line of Imported
and Domestic Wines.

22-6m KORTLANDER BROTHERS.

Importers
AND WHOLESALE
Liquors Dealers,
No. 114 CANAL STREET,
Grand Rapids, Michigan.

The finest Whiskies in the World.

"Bakers' Pure Hand-made Sour Mash Bourbon."
(The best in the State.) "Kentucky Pride" hand-
made sour-mash. "Jackson Sour Mash." "The
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R. Clay" "B. B. Miller's Rye." The Limestone
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R. Clay" "B. B. Miller's Rye." The Limestone
Creek Sour Mash, and the finest line of Imported
and Domestic Wines.

22-6m KORTLANDER BROTHERS.

For the Holland City News:

Our Schools.

Inasmuch as it is presumed that all
teachers and school officers may not have
ready access to the new school law, the
board of examiners of Ottawa county,
have appointed the undersigned to call the
attention of those interested to the follow-
ing particulars provided for by the new
law:

Provision is made for two regular ex-
aminations, to be held on the last Friday
of March and October, and special exam-
inations, at the discretion of the board,
which, in one county, may not exceed five
in one year.

Three grades of certificates are pre-
scribed. In regard to these the Superin-
tendent of Public Instruction, says: "The
certificate of the first grade shall be
granted only to those, who have taught at
least one year with ability and success,
and is only valid throughout the
county for three years. This certificate
should be granted only in the rarest in-
stances and its possession should signify
qualifications of the highest order. The
length of time for which it is valid, and
the fact that no local certificate has ever
before been granted for so long a time,
make it a rare and exceptional honor,
which I trust you will grant most care-
fully. The certificate of the second grade
is to be granted to those who have taught
at least six months with ability and suc-
cess, and is valid throughout the county
for two years. This certificate should be
regarded as taking the place of the old
first grade and should be granted as rarely.
The percentage of excellence should be
placed high and should be strictly de-
manded. The certificate which you will
issue most generally is that of the third
grade licensing for one year and is valid
throughout the county."

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

THE EAST.

THE mental aberration which inspired Dr. McI. Ostrander to commit suicide at Pittsburgh, Pa., a few days ago is said to be owing to excessive smoking. The suicide was in the habit of sitting for hours puffing at a meerschaum supplied with the strongest "plug" tobacco. A mock fight between the British and the Americans with their French allies took place at the soldiers' reunion at Portland, Me., and was witnessed by 40,000 persons.

EDWARD MUSGROVE, Treasurer of the Musgrove Alpaca Company of Chicopee Falls, R. I., left home a short time ago and has not since turned up. An examination of his books shows that Musgrove made pretty free with the money and paper of the company before he disappeared. It is believed that his stealings are about \$40,000. The New York Grape-Sugar Company has been incorporated by Thomas C. Platt and others, with a capital of \$1,000,000. It will have a branch establishment at Des Moines, Iowa.

MUSGRAVE, the promoter of the alpaca works at Chicopee, Mass., has swindled his partners, Anderson and Dunn, out of \$100,000, and the total losses of the firm will be \$225,000. At Everett, Mass., the Union Stove Company's works burned. Loss, \$75,000.

ERIE freight trains collided near Cuba, N. Y., wrecking about forty heavily-loaded cars. Otto Bowers, a fireman, was killed, and Frank Ayers, an engineer, received fatal injuries. The loss is placed at \$50,000. It is said that the accident was caused by an engineer falling asleep from overwork. Lieut. B. Long Edes and Lieut. Lyman G. Spaulding, of the United States navy, were killed by the premature explosion of a torpedo at the torpedo station at Newport, R. I. The bodies of both gentlemen were blown to atoms.

THE WEST.

Gov. FREMONT, of Arizona, has suggested to the Secretary of the Interior an arrangement with the Mexican Government to devote the peninsula of Lower California to a reservation for the Apaches, barring their egress by military posts on either side. At Lexington, Mo., an omnibus running to the depot was stopped by four masked men and the passengers robbed of all their valuables.

THE Chicago Tribune says that "late reports received from various parts of Kansas confirm previously published news from that State to the effect that in consequence of the drought and the unusually hot weather the corn crop will not yield more than one-half of the average, and may fall below one-third. The farmers of the eastern counties of the State will be the greatest sufferers. In the newly-settled western portions of the State the crop is reported to be good." The large packing house of J. C. Hately, at the Union Stock Yards, Chicago, has been swept away by fire. The loss will aggregate about \$900,000.

FIRE in Cleveland destroyed the lumber-yard and planing-mill of Hempy & Co., together with a large number of loaded and empty freight cars. The loss on the planing-mill and lumber is about \$60,000; insurance \$30,500. A Tombstone (Arizona) dispatch says that Indians attacked the town of Eureka, New Mexico, and killed all the citizens, said to be about seventy in number.

THE Artesian well at Yankton, the first bored in Dakota, sends 150 gallons per minute to a height of fifty feet from the ground, and pipes will be laid to supply the city.

THE SOUTH.

DANIEL C. DE JARNETTE, who has represented the Richmond district in the Federal and Confederate Congresses, died at Fredericksburg, Va. The farmers of Kentucky, with an eye to the failure of the corn crop in their State, are flooding the Louisville stock-yards with cattle and hogs.

BEN PERKINS was hanged at Livingston, Ala., for the murder of a colored brother. Andrew Sanders was hanged at Covington, Tenn., for murder, and John Mundy was hanged at Edgeland, S. C., for having murdered his wife while laboring under a fit of jealous rage. All three of the executed men were negroes. Four horse-thieves engaged in their peculiar business near the town of Dolores, Texas, recently, were arrested by the constables, and while being taken to jail were captured by a party of persons who suffered at their hands. They were then put to death.

A HOUSE burned on John A. Smith's farm, near Booneville, Miss., and three colored children were baked to coals. John C. Alexander's house burned at Carter's Creek Station, Tenn., and five colored children were cremated. Gov. Hawkins, of Tennessee, on the 29th ult., addressed to the Governors of all the States and Territories a circular suggesting that in the event of the death of President Garfield proclamations be issued requesting the suspension of all secular business and the general holding of funeral and memorial services upon a uniform day and date. A Galveston (Texas) telegram says "the city of Plano is in ashes. Fifty-one buildings were burned in two hours. Every business house is destroyed with the exception of a saloon and a lumber-yard. Total loss, \$100,000; insurance, \$20,000." The easterly gale caused a loss of about \$140,000 at Charleston, S. C. Thomas P. Leese, son of Chancellor Leese, was swept from the sea-wall at the battery and drowned. Three colored persons at Sullivan's island were drowned.

ONE of the most destructive storms which ever visited the South Atlantic coast prevailed there. The loss of life and property is very great. The wind blew over Savannah, Ga., at the rate of forty miles an hour, unroofing houses, sweeping the sea into houses along the wharves, and playing havoc with shade and fruit trees. An infirmary was wrecked, and the patients barely escaped. Many of them were badly bruised. Sailing craft in Savannah bay suffered badly, and many persons on board perished. The loss of life among the colored people on the rice plantations and along the river and bay is reported to have been very great. All the people on one of the islands in the river perished. At Port Royal, Beaufort and other points along the South Carolina coast hundreds of persons are believed to have perished, and millions of dollars' worth of property was washed away. Some miscreant, by opening a switch Sunday night at Farnesdale, on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, caused a freight train to run into a construction train which had been side-tracked. The engine was wrecked, and the engineer and fireman fatally injured. The use of sulphur water in the boiler of Henry Moody's saw-mill at Campbellsville, Ky., caused an explosion which killed the engineer, Henry Gaines, and mortally injured Jack Fletcher and Sam Cook.

POLITICAL.

GEN. WICKHAM, of Virginia, in a

lengthy review of political issues in that State, declares that no Republican can vote for the Readjusters' candidates, and announces that he is heartily in favor of the election of the Democratic nominees, hoping subsequently to resuscitate the Republican organization.

On the fiftieth ballot, the Republicans of Chautauque and Cattaraugus counties, New York, nominated Norman M. Allen to succeed Loren B. Sessions as State Senator.

GENERAL.

THE United States steamer Alliance, Commander Wadleigh, arrived at Hammerfest, Norway, on the 26th of July, in search of the Jeannette and the missing whalers. Commander Wadleigh reports that the Mayors of the various districts of Iceland were furnished with a description of the Jeannette, and that they (the Mayors) would furnish the fishermen and walrus-hunters with a description. The ice in a northward direction from Hammerfest was reported very heavy.

A CABLE dispatch states that each day makes the English harvest prospects more and more gloomy. The weather has turned against the farmers at the critical moment. The loss caused by the recent rains is very great. It is almost impossible to gather corn, and it will soon cease to be worth gathering. The London Times says that a bad harvest means absolute ruin to the English farmer. It means also the curtailment of landlord privileges and a radical reform of the English land laws. Latest news from Candahar is that Ayoub Khan's force is discontented and rapidly diminishing. He is believed to be contemplating a retreat to Herat. The British herring fleet was lately caught in a gale off Peterhead, Scotland. Considerable loss of life is reported.

THE Standard Coal and Iron Company, which has been incorporated at Columbus, Ohio, states its capital at \$75,000,000. Among its leaders are Oliver Ames and William P. Hunt, of Boston, and Samuel Thomas, of Columbus. It is said that the company intends to secure all the property in the Hocking valley region which can be purchased at reasonable figures. Persons who had in contemplation a trip to Europe this summer had better prepare to go in a sailing vessel, or paddle over in a canoe. The following manifesto issued "by order of the Central Committee, Chicago," explains itself: "Americans and all friends of Ireland are hereby warned against embarking upon any vessel flying the British flag after Thursday, Sept. 1. Many may reach their destination, but none are safe."

BELLEVILLE, Ont., rejoices in the possession of a Chief of Police, Mr. McKinnon, who is the champion hammer-thrower of America. He recently threw a heavy hammer ninety-eight feet three inches, and a light one 121 feet ten inches. This is said to be better than any record ever made in America.

WASHINGTON. A LETTER has been received at Washington from Capt. Hooper, of the United States steamer Corwin, sent into the Arctic seas in search of the Jeannette, stating that he had heard nothing of that vessel on the Siberian coast, that he had discovered an island near Cape Serdze and had victualled for the winter, if he found that he had to be out so long.

DURING the past twelve months (ending July 31) the total value of imports of merchandise into the United States amounted to \$683,972,221. The exports for the same period were \$355,722,371. The imports increased about \$40,000,000 over the previous year, while the exports lost about the same amount.

MR. GRINNELL, the American Consul at Bremen, reports to Secretary Blaine that during the first six months of the present year 1,290,000 bushels of American corn had been imported into Germany. Mr. Grinnell says a much larger quantity will be imported during the last six months of the year, and that there is no doubt that the amount will continue to increase, as the Germans have come to recognize corn as an excellent food.

FOREIGN.

PARNELL'S manifesto to the Irish electors of Durham is described as "most violent." He declares it impossible for his party to enter into an alliance with any section of politicians who support the present British Ministry, charging it with having banished personal liberty from Ireland, and with having reduced it to a worse condition than that of Russia under the third section. The union of Italy with Germany and Austria is deprecated by Gambetta. He sees in it a menace to France, with whom Italy is not just now on very cordial terms. The Directors of the Bank of England, noticing the continued shipments of gold to the United States, have raised the rate of discount to 4 per cent.

THE Bank of England refuses to sell gold bars for transmission to this country, but does all that can be legally demanded in the way of meeting the demands on it for British coin. It has reduced the price of French coins, Imperials and Napoleons—the former to \$19.79 per ounce, the latter to \$18.37 per ounce. The demand for gold by American shippers surprises the European bankers. It is reported from Tunis that the French camp at Hammanet was attacked by several thousand Arabs, who were repulsed with heavy loss.

A MALICIOUS scoundrel removed some rails from the railroad track between Frejus and Agay, France, and as the train for Nice came along the engine and four baggage cars were thrown from the track upon the rocks on the seacoast. The engineer and fireman were both killed, and nine persons, including two ladies, were severely injured. The recent heavy rains throughout Ireland have caused great damage to the crops. This will be a bad year for the Irish landlords to have the rents which they are to collect fixed. The tenants who have leases, and who do not come under the operation of the act, will have a hard time. The ill-feeling between Spain and France, caused by the refusal of the latter to compensate the Saida sufferers, continues. A Madrid journal demands the recall of the Spanish Minister at Paris. Prayers for the recovery of President Garfield were offered up in the Evangelical churches throughout England.

Daisy's Story.

"Oh," said Daisy to her mamma, "I wuz in the parlor last night behind the sofa, when the young preacher come in to see sister Kate, and they did set too close up for anything; an' the preacher said: 'Katie dear, I luv you,' an' Kate said: 'Oo, oo,' an' then the preacher, he kissed her right smack in the mouth, and said, 'Dear Katie, how good the Lord is to us poor sinners,' an' Katie said: 'Oo, oo,' an' then—'an' then—' 'Well,' said her mamma, "you wicked child, what did you do?" "W'y mamma, I felt so good, I blurted right out, 'Let us pray,' an' you ought to see them two people, how they jumped up, and I looked at Daisy all scrunched up in a corner. It wuz just too awful, mamma, for any use."

Daisy was not slipped that time.—*Stuebenville Herald.*

PRESIDENT GARFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.

The President is growing weaker, and it is expected that the end is nigh. Hope still remains in the breasts of those nearest him, but it is the hope which exists as long as a spark of life remains in the prostrate form. The patient is losing strength, and the liquid nourishment administered seems to have no strengthening effect whatever. His mind wandered nearly all of yesterday. The trouble appears to arise from the condition of the swollen parotid gland. The pus has accumulated in at least half a dozen cells in addition to the one in which the incision was made on Wednesday, and the inflammation is spreading, it is feared, in the direction of the brain. All these indications point to blood-poisoning. One who is in a position to know says that the pus which flows from the wound is no longer of a healthy character, but has become thin and watery; that it is the exception now when the President's mind is clear, and that for a greater portion of the time his mind is in a wandering, partially-stupor, condition; that there is no longer hardly a possibility that he can live, and that the final result, it is feared, may be expected Saturday or Sunday. He has vitality enough, it is believed, to last at least forty-eight hours. Mrs. Garfield, either blinded by her hope or misguided by the physicians, has not until within a few hours realized that the President was in so low a state, or that it was possible that he would die. She was very much overcome when informed how very low he was, and that the physicians feared the worst. Blaine's midnight dispatch is almost hopeless. The only hope he has is in the fact that the stomach retains a small quantity of liquid food. Beside that, all is dark. The President has lost, not gained; bad symptoms have appeared. The swollen gland is red and angry. Other symptoms excite alarm. The mind is wandering and somewhat delirious. His strength is failing. That is the starting story.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.

Twenty-four hours have elapsed since hope of the President's recovery was abandoned, and he still lives. He may continue to live for three or four days, the doctors say, but the mournful conclusion remains that each day draws him one day nearer to the grave. The capital is in mourning. The outward signs of grief have not been yet put on, but all hearts are as deeply stirred as though the end had come. The nation is watching at the bedside of a dying President, and the vigil is nearly finished.

To describe the painful anxiety with which every word uttered by the physicians to-day, every look and gesture by the men who are fighting with death, has been received, would be impossible. The most encouraging words which they could utter conveyed so little hope that the worst would almost have been preferable. When the President was shot, and the physicians could not tell whether he would live out the night of the 2d of July, all hearts were gladdened by the news that he had one chance to live. Twice since then has he been down almost into the depths of death, and stout hearts trembled, but did not fail. Even now he has a chance for life—the chance that a glimmering spark of vitality always holds out—but too feeble and uncertain for human hearts to grasp. The thought of the grief which prevailed in the sick-room was sufficient to bring tears to many eyes. A strong, true and patriotic man, faded and wasted almost beyond recognition, lying upon his couch, at times his mind wandering and his nervous fingers nodding in accord with some unfathomable symphony of an unsteady brain, the face disfigured by an ungainly swelling, from which the accumulated poison slowly dropped; departed strength visible in shrunken features and motionless limbs; his stricken wife seated by the bedside performing, with loving hands, every comforting ministrations. She who has been the great supporter of her husband in his trouble, feeds him as she would feed a child, and gives no evidence of the agony which is tugging at her heart. The physicians are constantly by the sick man's side watching anxiously for some new danger to be met, or eagerly looking for the first manifestation of a favorable change.

In this manner the hours fly by and night falls without a sign of hope or a ray of comfort. While it cannot be said that there was much improvement in the patient's condition yesterday, it is at the same time true that he did not lose ground, and that he held his own better than was anticipated by the physicians. He took more than the usual quantity of liquid food, and assimilated it, and no symptoms of gastric disturbance followed. His mind was clearer than on the day before, due, doubtless, to the fact that the suppuration through the ear of the parotid gland removed the pressure from the brain. The patient rested more easily and slept more than on the previous day, and the color of his skin and his general appearance was more healthy. The pulse and temperature were somewhat higher than on the previous day, however, and the character of the pus flowing from the wound was not as healthy as it had been. There was less of it, and it appeared to have a watery appearance. Dr. Boynton thinks that this is owing to the President's enfeebled condition and the thinness of his blood. Mrs. Garfield has not yet lost hope. She firmly believes that her husband is going to recover.

There was a very touching episode in the sick-room last night. The patient recognized his wife sitting by his bedside, and addressing her in a weak and trembling voice, said: "Crete, you had better go to your room and get a little rest." Mrs. Garfield begged to be permitted to stay a little longer, whereupon the President remarked that he feared the time was at hand when they should separate forever. Mrs. Garfield was severely shaken by this last remark, but, like the brave, good woman that she is, she mastered her feelings and appeared composed.

Col. Corkhill, District Attorney at Washington, has been summoned home from Cape May. He says a secret organization has plotted to take Guiteau from jail and inflict upon him torture which will be a warning to assassins. Even the jail guards await an excuse to shoot the fiend, who has had scarcely any sleep since the first relapse of the President.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.

Despair has again given place to hope. Yesterday at noon few persons in Washington expected that President Garfield would live forty-eight hours. Some even of those about him had privately begun to make arrangements as to what they should do after the fatal result should come, but to-day no words have come from the sick-room but those of good cheer. The President is still improving. The danger seems to be growing less. There have been three continuous favorable bulletins. Gen. Swain and Col. Rockwell have telegraphed to their friends that the President has not been so well, for a week. Secretary Blaine has sent a cheering message to Europe, and the physicians all speak words of hope. "We are exceedingly hopeful," said Dr. Agnew, as he and Dr. Hamilton were leaving the White House grounds after the evening dressing. "We are exceedingly hopeful. There must be a turn in all cases, and it may be this is the crisis, and that a favorable turn has come." Dr. Hamilton expressed similar views. Dr. Agnew earlier in the day had said: "The President now has more than an even chance."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.

The President's condition this morning is decidedly encouraging, and the feeling among physicians, nurses and friends is that if this improvement can be maintained for forty-eight hours there will be reasonable ground for confidence in ultimate recovery. The one drawback to this hopeful outlook consists in the

fact that fears are entertained of the formation of abscesses upon the lungs—a complication that has been dreaded ever since the existence of blood-poisoning became fully established. One of the surgeons is reported as having said that in sounding the President's chest a somewhat dull response was produced by the percussion, and that there was reason to fear that this was indicative of abscess formation on the lungs—a state of things certain to prove fatal unless speedily checked.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.

The favorable symptoms in the President's condition which manifested themselves on Sunday continued all day yesterday and up to this morning. His pulse and temperature showed decided improvement, the glandular swelling reduced considerably, and the wound presented a healthy appearance. The patient took more than the usual amount of nourishment, which he appeared to assimilate without difficulty. His stomach is in good condition, and all the indications point to continued improvement. The physicians, who had nearly lost hope, are once more almost confident. A slight incision in the gland was attended with favorable results. The bullet-wound continues to heal, and the swollen gland has diminished. The administration of stimulants to the patient has been discontinued. Heretofore there has been administered in each enema four drams of whiskey mixed with the yolks of eggs. The physicians felt at the time liquor was first given in large doses that it was absolutely necessary that his system should be quickly stimulated. The President's mental faculties are clear, and, acting with his improved condition, aid the work of recovery. While recognizing that the President is still in a dangerous condition, Dr. Bliss said he felt no hesitation in saying he thought the chances now are in favor of his recovery. Dr. Bliss says that the ball is moving deeper into the cavity of the pelvis, probably in the direction of the rectum. This downward movement he regards as a rather favorable circumstance. The ball, he says, will have to be taken out sometime, and can be taken from that part of the body toward which it is going as easily at least as it could be taken from its original location.

Dr. Agnew does not believe that the President has lost as much weight as Secretary Blaine's telegram to Minister Lowell represented last week. Dr. Bliss agrees with Dr. Agnew, and adds that the patient has not reached the dangerous limit of emaciation. A man, he adds, can lose two-fifths of his weight without endangering his life.

As hope returns, more is learned in detail of the terrible anxiety of last Friday. It appears that the surgeons, after the alarming symptoms of the morning, decided that it was useless to longer continue the struggle, and two of their number were selected to wait on Mrs. Garfield and inform her that medical science could do no more, and that she must prepare for the worst. The interview which occurred between these surgeons and Mrs. Garfield will, if reports are true, be regarded as one of the most dramatic incidents in this extraordinary case. Capt. Henry Marshall, of this District, a friend of the President and his family, says that Mrs. Garfield heard the news with great composure, and that, smothering her emotion, she arose and said: "Gentlemen, you shall not give him up. He is not going to die. He is going to live. I feel, I know it. Go back to your post, every one of you, and leave it not until every remedy is exhausted—until death itself has set its seal upon him—for I will not believe he is dying. Go back and do what you can. You cannot do more, but do not give up. I am his wife, and I say that we will not give up until the end itself is upon us." Mrs. Garfield has never surrendered more than a moment or two at a time to her grief, and then she has retired to her room, and after a brief absence has returned to her post of duty at the President's bedside.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.

The President is no better and he is no worse. He remains upon the dead level, where one of his physicians said last night that they hoped he would not remain many days. They, of course, hope and are confident that, when a change does come, it will be for the better, but this confidence is not as strong as might be desired. The situation is still one of uncertainty, and there are a few pessimists who fear that the prospects are not as good for his recovery as they seem to be. Another incision was made in the parotid gland, which resulted satisfactorily and perceptibly decreased the swelling. The wound remains unchanged. There was a slight rise in the pulse, due to this incision. The patient took his nourishment, consisting of koumiss, milk porridge, and beef tea, quite freely and with apparent relish. He ate a small piece of milk-toast. His stomach continues healthy, and the physicians seem to be rather confident that there will be no more trouble from that source. The condition of the wound is healthy. The fact that the ball has changed its position and is moving lower down is considered a favorable feature of the case by the surgeons, and by some is supposed to account for the rally made a few days ago. That the President is feeling better and his mental faculties are clear are considered signs of improvement.

The police yesterday arrested another "crank" at the White House gate. It was a poor colored man, manifestly insane. He was bent upon the sanguinary mission of killing every man who was not a Garfield man, and had a long tin can into which he proposed to place their heads. He was arrested without resistance. Dealers in nostrums which they claim will be of benefit to the President are very numerous here, and Secretary Blaine is visited by so many of them that it has become necessary to station a policeman in citizen's clothes near his house to relieve him from the annoyance to which he is subject at all times of the day and night. Some of these persons are so persistent that it is necessary to remove them by the police.

The assassin, Guiteau, has written another letter to District Attorney Corkhill, in which he claims protection from the mob. At the conclusion of his letter he plainly shows that he is well acquainted with the President's condition, for he says: "While the President is in this precarious condition, I have confidence in no one. I look to you. See that I am securely protected." The wretch has also indicated a desire to marry some wealthy Christian lady of good family.

About 100 letters a day are received at the White House, addressed either to Mr. or Mrs. Garfield. During the early stages of the President's illness the letters were mostly to him. Now they are generally addressed to Mrs. Garfield, and express the writers' sympathy with her. Most of them bear the evidence of being written by persons of inferior attainments, but at the same time they testify to the genuine sentiment of the people in their distress.

The Many-Leaved Clover.

A gentleman residing at St. John, sends this office four small bunches of clover leaves, which are quite a curiosity. He says: "At the request of Mrs. L. C. Severance I send the inclosed specimen of four, five, six and seven-leaved clover, which are quite a botanical curiosity. They were all plucked from a small sod not a foot square." One bunch contains sixteen stalks, each with four leaves of clover; a second eight stalks, with five leaves; a third, eight stalks, with six leaves; and a fourth six, with seven leaves.—*Portland Oregonian.*

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

TWO MEMBERS of Frawley's gang, which has been the terror of the country in the vicinity of Mechanicsville, N. Y., were arrested near that place after a desperate encounter, in which about twenty shots were exchanged, and during which a Deputy Sheriff, an insurance agent and a depot master received some severe wounds. Francis C. Pease and wife, of Portland, Me., arrived in Boston and took rooms in Edinboro street. A few evenings subsequently pistol shots were heard in their apartments, and the wife was found dead and the husband dying. The Empire drill works, at Shortsville, near Rochester, N. Y., valued at \$100,000, were destroyed by fire. About 100 men will be thrown out of employment through the destruction of the works.

A HORRIBLE tragedy was enacted in Milwaukee the other day. A young fellow named Herman Holden, aged 25, shot and instantly killed his stepfather, J. Cramer, and then fired twice at his mother, both balls producing mortal wounds. Holden came from St. Louis, and, after drinking some, went to the house of his mother and stepfather, with whom he was not on very friendly terms. He picked a quarrel with his mother, who was lying on the bed at the time, shooting her twice, as stated. At this Cramer entered the door, and Holden, turning in his track, shot him, the ball passing clear through the body. He then made his escape.

DISPATCHES from Charleston, Savannah, and other points along the South Atlantic coast, indicate even a greater loss of life and property in the recent gale than had been previously reported. Each sailing craft coming to port brings news of death and disaster. The loss of life will be in the neighborhood of 200. The property loss cannot yet be estimated. The boiler of a large sawmill exploded in Walton county, Ga., killing H. O. Perry and W. H. Haunmet, owners, and two employees. The fall of a wall in Hanover street, Baltimore, killed three colored laborers and seriously injured two others.

MUTILATION of silver coins is the subject of a circular issued by the Secretary of the Treasury. In it he intimates that Government officials may refuse to take such coins at their face value, but may purchase them by weight as bullion. Congress will be asked next session to make a law declaring the utterance of mutilated coins illegal.

THE steamship Hudson, on her trip from New Orleans to New York, received the officers and crew of the ship Sandusky, bound from Pensacola to Liverpool. The ship had been wrecked in a gale which lasted three days, and the crew were taken from the upper rigging after being seventy-eight hours without food. The Captain and crew of the schooner Lucy Wheatley, from Jacksonville, Fla., to Baltimore, were taken from their vessel, which was in a sinking condition, by the steamship Chamette, from New Orleans, and carried to New York. The shipwrecked marines had been four days without food and water.

COUNT BASCHOFF and Gen. Jadereff, two noted Pan-Slavonic Russian politicians, have just published a pamphlet on the condition of Russia, the substance of which was submitted to the Czar before his father's death. The pamphlet admits that widespread dissatisfaction exists in Russia, and advocates some kind of popular administration. Its publication at this time is apparently for the purpose of showing the world what the Czar might do if the Nihilists would let him. Bradlaugh has issued a manifesto to the English people in the shape of an address to his Northampton constituents. He announces his intention to go to the House of Commons again next session, and he asks the English people to protect him against unlawful violence. The entire Radical party of the French Chamber of Deputies is demanding that Gambetta shall accept the Premiership, which it is understood that President Grevy will offer him. Fifteen Socialists have been expelled from Berlin for laboring for the election of Herr Bebel to the Reichstag.

THE Scientific American has a cut and description of a new hay-rick which is also used as a shelter for stock. It consists of two square inclosures with a passage-way between them, which is covered by a peaked roof, the hay being placed in the spaces thus inclosed, and upon the rafters, being built up as high as necessary.

The average life of a lawyer is about five years in Ohio—then they reform and remove to some other State.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.			
BEEVES.....	\$7 00	@ 11 25	
HOGS.....	5 50	@ 6 80	
COTTON.....	12 1/2	@ 12 1/2	
FLOUR—Superfine.....	5 25	@ 6 00	
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 37	@ 1 48	
No. 3 Red.....	1 44	@ 1 46	
CORN—Ungraded.....	39	@ 42	
OATS—Mixed Western.....	39	@ 43	
PORK—Mess.....	18 37	@ 18 75	
LARD.....	11 1/2	@ 11 1/2	
CHICAGO.			
BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers.....	6 00	@ 6 40	
Cows and Heifers.....	5 00	@ 5 40	
Medium to Fair.....	5 00	@ 5 40	
HOGS.....	5 00	@ 5 40	
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	6 75	@ 7 00	
Good to Choice Spring Ex.....	5 50	@ 6 00	
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 35	@ 1 36	
No. 3 Spring.....	1 14	@ 1 16	
CORN—No. 2.....	31	@ 32	
OATS—No. 2.....	36	@ 37	
RYE—No. 2.....	1 03	@ 1 05	
BARLEY—No. 2.....	1 04	@ 1 06	
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	24	@ 28	
EGGS—Fresh.....	14	@ 15	
PORK—Mess.....	17 75	@ 18 00	
LARD.....	11 1/2	@ 11 1/2	
MILWAUKEE.			
WHEAT—No. 1.....	1 28	@ 1 33	
No. 2.....	1 26	@ 1 30	
CORN—No. 2.....	39	@ 40	
OATS—No. 2.....	35	@ 36	
RYE—No. 1.....	1 03	@ 1 04	
BARLEY—No. 2.....	86	@ 87	
PORK—Mess.....	17 75	@ 18 00	
LARD.....	11 1/2	@ 11 1/2	
ST. LOUIS.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 37	@ 1 38	
CORN—Mixed.....	39	@ 40	
OATS—No. 2.....	35	@ 36	
RYE—No. 1.....	1 03	@ 1 04	
BARLEY—No. 2.....	86	@ 87	
PORK—Mess.....	17 75	@ 18 00	
LARD.....	11 1/2	@ 11 1/2	
CINCINNATI.			
WHEAT.....	1 38	@ 1 37	
CORN.....	37	@ 38	
OATS.....	34	@ 35	
RYE.....	1 13	@ 1 14	
BARLEY.....	19 25	@ 19 50	
PORK—Mess.....	17 75	@ 18 00	
LARD.....	11 1/2	@ 11 1/2	
TOLEDO.			
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1 36	@ 1 37	
No. 2.....	1 37	@ 1 38	
CORN.....	34	@ 35	
OATS.....	31	@ 32	
DETROIT.			
FLOUR—Choice.....	6 50	@ 7 25	
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1 39	@ 1 34	
CORN—No. 1.....	34	@ 35	
OATS—Mixed.....	39	@ 40	
BARLEY (per cental).....	1 50	@ 2 30	
PORK—Mess.....	19 00	@ 19 50	
INDIANAPOLIS.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 36	@ 1 37	
CORN—No. 2.....	33	@ 34	
OATS.....	33	@ 34	
EAST LIBERTY, PA.			

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

The mining dividends of Arizona this year are nearly as great as those of California. In all probability next year Arizona, in the matter of productive mines, will lead all the other States and Territories in the Union.

The creditors of the Glasgow Bank have now received 90 per cent. of their claims. Of 1,819 shareholders, only 269 remain. The others are ruined. Nearly 600 gave up all they had, and began the world again. To the trustees of the relief fund, which exceeded \$1,950,000, there were 883 applications for aid.

An Austrian chemist is said to have devised a soporific, of which a few drops sprinkled on the head and face will stupefy a man in a few seconds. He gave it the name of "Tamer," and offered to sell the secret of its preparation to the Austrian Government. But the Government has not only refused to purchase it, but has ordered the police authorities to formally order the inventor to discontinue his experiments, and to abstain from using in any way his invention or communicating it to others.

DANIEL WOODS, an Indianapolis scissoring-grinder, 104 years old, but hale and hearty still, loves to tell how he went from Nova Scotia, where he was born, to England, to serve under the Duke of Wellington in all his great campaigns. He took part in forty battles and skirmishes, including Waterloo. During his long service he received 132 sword cuts, a saber stab in the eye and eleven pistol or gunshot wounds. Since his return to America he has lived in Montreal, St. Albans, Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Indianapolis. He has seventeen children, of whom the eldest surviving is 89, and the youngest, by a second wife, 23 years old.

WIDOWER BELKNAP was President of the Cincinnati Lodge of Knights of the Pyramid, and the Widow Porter was Vice President. The society aimed at social improvement, and under all these circumstances it was natural that the widower and widow should agree to marry. Belknap is a dentist, and he made the finest possible set of false teeth for Mrs. Porter, so that she might look her best as a bride. His daughter lent her \$400 worth of diamonds, to further beautify her for the wedding. But when she had been thus embellished, she ran away with the teeth and jewels, and the police have not been able to find her.

BISHOP PHILIP KLINGEN SMITH, of the Mormon church, who was mysteriously murdered recently, was one of the witnesses against Bishop Lee in the Mountain Meadow massacre trial. "I know," said Smith, after giving his testimony, "that the church will kill me, sooner or later, and I am as confident of that fact as that I am sitting on this rock. It's only a question of time; but I'm going to live as long as I can." There is little reason to doubt that death came to him in the anticipated manner. Pity will be blunted, however, by the fact that he was himself a cruel participant in the massacre. His own son says that, being ordered by his father to kill a young girl, he refused, and that the father then clubbed her to death.

The death of Spotted Tail brings to light a romance of tragic interest in connection with the favorite daughter of the old Sioux chief. Shortly after the war, a battalion of the Second Dragoons was ordered to Fort Laramie, and there Lieut. Brockhurst Livingston, of the well-known New York family, saw and loved the dusky girl and found his passion reciprocated. The young officer took her to his house and she bore him a son; but Livingston's health failed and he was ordered to Europe, where his mind became unsettled and he died. The Sioux girl died of a broken heart in 1866, after learning of his death, and was carried to Fort Laramie by her father and there buried. Her grave is still annually decorated with flowers by the soldiers. The mother of the young officer has sought to find and educate his son, but the Sioux, either because they have lost sight of him, or because they wish to keep him, give no trace of his whereabouts.

A MAN named Truesdale was detailed in a Kansas City elevator to shovel grain from one of the bins to the chute. Through this bin ran a perpendicular flange-screw elevator, which, being attached to the shaft by a belt, was kept constantly in motion. By some accident the unfortunate man slipped while near it, and his foot, being caught in the rotating flange, was drawn down the shaft in which it works until the knee joint was level with the floor. Knowing that unless something was speedily done his whole body would be ground to pieces in this machine, he, with presence of mind that was extraordinary, raised his body until it reached the belt which turned the flange, and by sheer strength of muscle held the machinery still, thus putting his strength against the strength of a twenty-horsepower engine. In this condition, with his crushed and mangled limb still in the machine, he held out against the engine until he was rescued by other workmen, who had come to see what was the matter with the machinery. Truesdale, who will recover, is about six feet eight, and weighs 170 pounds. He is a giant in strength.

An attempt will be made at the next session of Congress to secure the passage of a new bankruptcy law. Such laws have usually been adopted in seasons of great business depression, and have proved to be unsatisfactory when the commercial conditions have changed. It is argued now that a law enacted when trade is prosperous, or at least normal, will work to better purpose. Mr. D. C. Robbins, Chairman of the New York Chamber of Commerce committee on the subject, advises that under the new law officers should as far as possible be compensated by fixed salaries instead of fees; that the powers of the Registers should be increased; that the amount of indebtedness required to authorize voluntary proceedings should be at least \$1,000; that composition settlements should not be allowed to take the discharge of the bankrupt out of the control of the court, nor without the consent of a majority of the creditors in number and three-fourths in value; and that the discretionary power of the court relating to the granting of discharges should be greatly enlarged. These modifications are important, and should receive the careful attention of Congress.

CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG deserves the thanks of the public for the plain and unequivocal manner in which she has exposed the shameful fact, long known to a few, that the career of many American girls who go to Italy for the purpose of acquiring a musical education ends in the complete overthrow of their moral nature. Regarding this matter Miss Kellogg says: "Now comes the worst phase of the whole affair, and what I am about to say I say as truth, after the most careful investigation of the fact. As a rule, the poor girl finds in the end that she has little hope of acquiring public success; and I say that she is too often set upon by a certain unscrupulous set of men infesting these cities who will do all in their power, under promise of engagements, to lead her away where her associations will be such that she will be morally destroyed. Even if she has a good, but not great, voice, she can probably obtain no public appearance except on two conditions—she must buy her way in or she must submit to the demands of those influential friends of the management whose word is law at the theaters. This is plain speaking, but I tell you my investigations, the stories and tears of poor girls who came to me in Italy and told me their sad tales, made me vow that I would open my mouth and speak of this through the land when I came home."

She Made a Mistake.

An individual in a dress coat, ornamented with a sparse array of brass buttons and a star, and a single stripe across his cuffs, was sweeping and circling about the room in the last of the new-step waltzes, and naturally attracted attention. He was introduced to one blue-blooded young lady, who stiffly informed him that she was not dancing that evening, and froze up his further utterances with an icy stare. As he left, she turned with celestial ire in her countenance and said: "How dare they introduce a Pullman conductor to me? The impudence! Think of my dancing with him!" "My dear, ignorant, land-lubberly lass from the interior," said the convulsed recipient of the angry burst, "don't you know he is a Master of the United States navy, the greatest social swell that breathes, always excepting that most magnificent and god-like creature, a Lieutenant of marines?" "I don't believe it," she said, cringing. "Where's his sword and his gold lace and trimmings? He has borrowed that coat from his waiter and sewed the buttons on the tail of it himself, or else he is a conductor. I know he is a fraud when I see him walk." Argument was powerless to convince the young woman that she had committed social suicide and committed the biggest blunder of the season, or that the modestly-ornamented coat was really what officers call the "social" uniform, and not the gorgeous garment of full dress. —St. Louis Globe.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

STATEMENT.

SHOWING THE AGGREGATE OF REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE, AS ASSESSED IN MICHIGAN IN 1881, AND AGGREGATE OF REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE, AS EQUALIZED BY STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION FOR 1881.

COUNTIES.	Aggregate of Real and Personal Estate, as Assessed in 1881.	Aggregate of Real and Personal Estate, as Equalized by State Board of Equalization for 1881.
Alcona.....	\$2,492,527.00	\$2,500,000
Alcona.....	9,652,330.00	13,500,000
Alcona.....	3,016,508.50	3,100,000
Antrim.....	2,132,872.11	2,500,000
Baraga.....	639,654.00	1,300,000
Barry.....	11,332,459.00	13,000,000
Bay.....	12,901,183.00	18,000,000
Benzie.....	1,205,680.00	1,500,000
Berrien.....	12,918,438.00	15,000,000
Branch.....	10,261,965.00	17,500,000
Calhoun.....	19,827,765.00	24,500,000
Charlevoix.....	13,667,420.00	15,500,000
Chippewa.....	1,531,271.00	2,000,000
Cheboygan.....	2,761,832.00	3,000,000
Chippewa.....	1,558,071.00	2,000,000
Clare.....	2,377,681.00	2,500,000
Clinton.....	16,631,293.00	16,000,000
Crawford.....	935,244.08	1,200,000
Delta.....	2,500,000
Easton.....	12,662,796.00	16,000,000
Emmet.....	935,953.00	2,000,000
Gladwin.....	19,166,651.00	21,000,000
Gladwin.....	1,022,900.00	1,200,000
Grand Traverse.....	2,439,954.00	3,000,000
Gratiot.....	7,126,921.00	7,000,000
Hillsdale.....	17,912,619.00	21,000,000
Houghton.....	1,619,589.00	2,500,000
Huron.....	4,561,982.00	5,000,000
Ingham.....	15,944,318.00	16,000,000
Ionia.....	15,480,291.00	16,000,000
Ionia.....	1,102,791.59	1,200,000
Isabella.....	8,991,786.00	4,000,000
Isle Royal.....	100,000
Jackson.....	18,672,448.00	27,000,000
Kalamazoo.....	18,901,080.00	23,000,000
Kalamazoo.....	2,475,991.62	2,500,000
Kent.....	18,016,252.00	33,000,000
Keweenaw.....	619,263.18	800,000
Lake.....	1,921,042.00	2,000,000
Lapeer.....	12,136,504.00	13,000,000
Leelanaw.....	624,971.00	1,000,000
Leelanaw.....	26,837,269.00	27,500,000
Livingston.....	12,355,417.00	15,000,000
Mackinac.....	1,403,955.71	2,500,000
Macomb.....	16,010,686.00	15,000,000
Manistee.....	1,086,482.00	3,500,000
Manitou.....	250,000
Marquette.....	3,121,480.00	5,000,000
Mason.....	3,105,244.80	3,000,000
Meconia.....	2,968,075.80	3,500,000
Menominee.....	1,751,952.25	2,500,000
Midland.....	1,131,221.00	2,000,000
Misauke.....	1,619,558.44	1,800,000
Monroe.....	14,952,990.00	16,000,000
Montcalm.....	9,366,171.00	9,500,000
Montmorency.....	1,211,247.00	1,250,000
Muskegon.....	3,886,599.00	6,500,000
Newaygo.....	2,508,083.00	4,000,000
Oakland.....	24,432,277.00	26,250,000
Ocean.....	1,736,338.00	3,000,000
Ogemaw.....	905,693.00	1,500,000
Ontonagon.....	1,414,972.00	2,000,000
Oscoda.....	1,897,220.00	2,500,000
Oscoda.....	749,468.00	1,000,000
Otsego.....	1,112,548.00	1,500,000
Ottawa.....	6,833,087.00	8,500,000
Presque Isle.....	1,029,829.00	1,250,000
Roscommon.....	1,175,732.14	1,500,000
Saginaw.....	20,914,101.00	25,000,000
Sanilac.....	3,396,273.00	6,000,000
Schoolcraft.....	2,481,664.41	2,500,000
Shiawassee.....	11,937,044.00	13,500,000
St. Clair.....	18,653,363.00	18,000,000
St. Joseph.....	15,994,663.00	18,000,000
Tuscola.....	7,712,647.00	9,000,000
Van Buren.....	12,997,638.00	14,000,000
Washtenaw.....	29,624,665.00	30,000,000
Wayne.....	110,693,130.00	130,000,000
Wexford.....	1,938,864.00	3,000,000
Totals.....	\$669,344,283.55	\$810,000,000

The Canadian population of Flint has organized a Lacrosse club.

A COMPANY to build water-works has been organized at Adrian.

The Menominee Iron Works have been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$11,000; no insurance.

The Twentieth Michigan infantry will have their annual reunion at Eaton Rapids, Sept. 28.

For the first time in the history of Detroit, the street laborers were paid off in gold the other day.

MONTMORENCY county has about fifty families, and has neither church, post-office nor school house.

M. B. THUM, of Newark, Gratiot county, has a well full of young fish, but where they came from is a mystery.

A STANTON girl endeavored to commit suicide with a dose of laudanum because a young man refused to take her to a dance.

A CIRCUS elephant on exhibition at Ionia smashed through the tent and made for the open prairie, where he was with difficulty recaptured.

A MRS. COTTON, living near Detroit, found a couple of burglars in her cellar, and shot one of them in the breast and then ran for help, but when she returned both had disappeared.

A GIRL at New Haven, Gratiot county, works in her father's garden to pay for the use of a horse to go and get her young man Saturday nights and take him back Monday mornings.

A BAY CITY night watchman got mad and resigned when the boys stole his hat and club and tied his feet together while he slept on his post. There are some things that even a policeman won't stand.

A WOMAN while picking blackberries four miles south of Sears, Osceola county, was startled to find that she had some company she had no idea of seeing—a couple of bears. The bears were not alarmed at all, but it was very different with the other party.

JOHN ALBERT MARIN, son of John Marin, of Elk, Sanilac county, was riding a horse to market, when the horse ran away from him, throwing him off and stepping on him just below the short ribs. He lived until the next day.

FRANK MOORE, of Mt. Clemens, went crow hunting early in the morning, and when he returned his wife having finished her breakfast was kneeling saying her morning prayers. As he opened the door dragging the gun behind him, the door swung shut, hitting the hammer of the gun, which was discharged, the whole charge lodging in one of his wife's legs.

A REMEMBRANCE of the great forest fires of ten years ago has recently been raised in the discovery of the bones of Hugh McCafferty and son, who perished miserably near White Rock, Huron county. With the bones were found buttons, a jack-knife, pair of spectacles and case, and other articles which were recognized by those acquainted with McCafferty as belonging to him.

A SINGULAR lawsuit has been begun at Detroit, by a Catholic named Peter Gruber against Bishop Borgess and the Rev. Georges Godes, the latter having charge of St. Alban's Church and graveyard. Complainant wants an injunction

to restrain them from changing the plan of the cemetery and cutting his lot in two. His mother-in-law is buried in the graveyard.

THE Ishpeming *Agitator* says: "A tame deer that chews tobacco is one of the wonders of McFarland's hill, on this division of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad. It will follow for hours any one who will give it a chew of fine-cut, and will endeavor to take it out of a person's pocket by sticking its nose into it. How the animal acquired the habit we do not know."

FLETCHER, PACK & Co.'s saw-mill, at Alpena, is now lit up nights with electric lights. The Maxim electrical machine is used and is run by the mill power. There are three lights in the mill and two on the lumber tract outside. The lights have each an illuminating power of 200 candles, and the three mill lamps light up the mill almost equal to daylight. The question of lighting up all the mills, streets, business houses, opera house and dwelling houses in Alpena is already being agitated with favorable chances of success.

DURING the recent visit of Cole's circus to Pontiac, Oakland county, Mr. Durkee, an old resident of the town, perambulated the fair grounds, accompanied by a man who had accosted him on the necessity of looking for and keeping an eye (his own explanation) on the gamblers, etc., which usually accompany the larger exhibitions. But he himself was joined by three men, who volunteered to instruct him in the art and mystery of making money by three-card monte. The men then walked to a tent in a retired spot and engaged in a game merely for fun, at which Mr. Durkee became an expert in a very short time, his winnings being about \$3,000. This good fortune excited his cupidity, and, upon a hint from one of the men that he (Durkee) might as well play in earnest, he started down town and drew \$1,000 from the bank, with which he returned to his instructors, staked it on a card and lost it. An hour or two afterward he made the fact known to the officers and search was made for the men, but they had departed. Mr. Durkee is about 80 years old, a cute bargainer, and of active habits, and has no sympathizers, being the last man whom it was thought could be so easily victimized.

Doubtful Praise.

The late Archduke Francis Charles of Austria, father of the present Emperor and brother-in-law of the great Napoleon, when Ferdinand made over the crown to him in 1818, declined the honor in favor of his son with these words: "I am a good Viennese citizen, but I would make a bad Emperor." The Archduke had a sharp tongue when occasion demanded. The brilliant but conceited pianist, Leopold von Meyer, once played before him a difficult composition, to the rather too-evident satisfaction of the pianist himself. It was very warm, and Herr von Meyer was somewhat exhausted by his exertions. His heated face and unlimited conceit were too much for the Archduke, and when the artist, with manifest self-complacency, looked to him for praise, Francis Charles sarcastically said: "I have heard Thalberg, and I have listened to Liszt (profound bow from the pianist), and I must say that neither of those eminent artists (here Herr Meyer executed the most obsequious of salutations)—I repeat it, that neither of those famous masters—perspired half as freely as you do."

The Underground World of England.

The proposed tunnel between England and France under the Channel has suggested the preparation of some interesting statistics in regard to what may be called the underground world of England. According to these figures the number of persons employed in English mines, many of whom live in them constantly, is more than three hundred and seventy thousand; in other words, there are men, women and children below the surface of British soil sufficient to form one of its largest cities of the second rank. The length of tunnelling in which they labor is set down at the extraordinary figure of nearly fifty-nine thousand miles. The deepest gallery is at the level of twenty-eight hundred feet. These facts and figures are adduced in support of the practicability of constructing and operating the Channel tunnel. The depth of the Channel, it seems, is nowhere more than one hundred and eighty feet, and taking this as a basis it is estimated that the lowest part of the tunnel would not be more than two hundred feet from the surface. If the engineer's figures and theories be correct the project is not only practicable but simple. —New York Herald.

CAPTAIN HOLDEN, who has recently removed to Cincinnati from Marietta, Ohio, has been an enthusiastic collector of spiders ever since his college days. In the pursuit of this singular fancy he has collected nearly 25,000 specimens embracing 4,000 species, from all parts of the world. They are arranged in glass bottles, with labels giving name, collector, and locality. California furnished 5,000 specimens, and New England as many more. One species is represented by 108 specimens from all parts of the United States, showing how much effect environment has in modifying form. The collection is supplemented by a full and complete catalogue of the literature of the subject, comprising about 70,000 references on 10,000 cards. This valuable contribution to the study of this little-known branch of natural history he hopes to complete and publish at an early day.

THE only amaranth flower on earth is virtue; the only lasting treasure, truth. —Cowper.

HOUSES more than 150 years old are said to be numerous in Rhode Island.

FACTS FOR THE CURIOUS.

The full capacity of the lungs is about 820 cubic inches.

About two-thirds of a pint of air is inhaled at each breath in ordinary respiration.

The skin contains more than 2,000,000 openings, which are the outlets for an equal number of sweat glands.

The little sea animal called the pholas penetrates into the hardest rocks; and yet its boring apparatus is simply a fleshy substance somewhat resembling a tongue, soft and yielding.

MUSSELS swim by a slight opening and closing of the shells. They grow by line particles which form around the edge. These lines are said to indicate the yearly growth of the creature.

THE star-fish is believed to commit suicide. Edward Forbes is responsible for the statement that a star-fish found in the Mediterranean, when attacked, if unable to defend itself, escapes by dropping to pieces. First the arms break off one after the other, then the disk breaks itself into fragments. Not being able to defend itself, as a whole, it kills itself in detail.

PHYSICALLY the ape is enough like a man to be his brother. The skeleton of apes generally, if we except the tail, has about the same number of bones as man. The proportions of its parts, except in minor instances, are also such as in man. Nor are their shapes, except those of the jaws and haunch bones, greatly different. The same rule of resemblance holds throughout all their structure.

THE effects of professions and trades on mortality are great, the term of life varying from 65 years 11 months for clergymen to 40 years and 10 months for lithographers and copper engravers. In England, according to the census-office statistics, the duration of life has been found most defective among the steel-workers, polishers and grinders, and next to these the life of the collier—that fearless deliver in the bowels of the earth—is least secure, owing greatly, no doubt, to the occurrence of accidents in mines.

A CALIFORNIA hunter had occasion to cross a very wide and rapid stream. Among his dogs were a terrier and Newfoundland. The terrier refused to enter the water, and the Newfoundland tried several times to lead him in, by bodily plunging in and wagging his tail in a confident manner, but the terrier only kept further from the stream. At last, disgusted by the timidity of the little cur, the big dog rushed at the alarmed terrier, seized him by the neck and jumped into the torrent with him. The terrier yelled "murder" and "police" in the most expulsive language known to the canine tongue, until the Newfoundland deposited him safely on the other side.

THE Icelanders are said, at one time, to have taught bears to jump into the sea and catch seals. The China birds are equally well trained; for at a signal they dive into the lakes and bring up large fish, grasped in their bills. In Greece the fishermen use branches of pine, steeped in pitch, and lighted; the inhabitants of Amorgos used cypress-leaved cedar, which served, when lighted, as a flambeau; and the Chinese fish in the night with white-painted boards, placed in a manner to reflect the rays of the moon upon the water doubly. These attract the fish to the boat; when the men cast a large net, and seldom fail to draw out considerable quantities. Anchovies are fished for also in a similar manner.

"Let the Fool Remain."

Mr. Septimus Brightly was an aristocrat and a man of rank. He had held many offices of honor and of profit, and he deemed himself well worthy of all honor that had been conferred upon him.

This was the man who, somewhat late in life, took to himself a young wife. The woman whom he had thus chosen to honor was several years younger than himself. She was five-and-thirty and he five-and-fifty.

However, though younger, she was a widow, and possessed of considerable wealth. And she was quite handsome, also, beside being intelligent, witty and vivacious.

She had but one failing, one drawback, in the Honorable Septimus' estimation; she was Scotch by birth, and retained much of her native idiom and accent, of which habit her husband tried to break her.

More than once Mrs. Brightly had begged of her husband not to borrow trouble on account of her speech; but she laid it upon him most emphatically that he should not, under any circumstances, allude to her peculiarity of pronunciation in public.

For a time after this all went well. At length, however, the autocrat manifested himself. It was at an evening party, given by himself and wife, where many notables were present.

In the course of the dinner the lady called to a servant and bade him take away the fools (her pronunciation of fowls).

Said her husband, very pompously, and pointedly:

"You mean fowls, my dear!"

"Oh, yes," she returned with a charming smile; then to the servant:

"John, you may remove the fowls and let the fool remain!"

It is doubtful if he ever ventured upon a like experiment again. —New York Ledger.

A MOST improbable story is going the rounds, credited to the *Sedalia* (Mo.) *Eagle*, in which it is alleged that a woman in that city has fallen in love with her husband. If the press does not let up on such stories as this, it is only a question of time when the public will lose all confidence in any statements whatever. —Peek's Sun.

AMERICAN ENTERPRISE.

Another and very remarkable exhibition of American enterprise has come to light through the publication of the Revision of the New Testament. With infinite care the Commission of Revision kept the result of their labors secret. They knew that they had American publishers to deal with and American daring and energy to encounter. With a great show of desire for absolute fairness all round they arranged it so that the proof-sheets of their labors should be given out in England simultaneously to all publishers, both British and American, ignoring the fact that by this arrangement, if it had been adopted exactly according to their old-fogy notions, the English printers would have had eight or nine days' start on their American brethren. The Appletons of New York knew a trick or two, and proceeded to put one in practice. Weeks ago they selected a perfect outfit of type and cases, likewise a perfect force of skilled compositors. Every printer could tell from the character of the work the quality and quantity of type that was needed and the force that was required to set up the matter in a week. All this knowledge was brought to bear, and both men and material were shipped to England by various steamers, so that suspicion should not be excited. Then necessary space on a fast return steamer was engaged without explanation as to the use it should be put to, and the types were shipped as ordinary passengers. As soon as land was lost sight of, and no chance of telegraphic communication to either end of the journey was possible, the hired space was occupied, the cases were set up, and the familiar call of "Copy!" was heard issuing from the foreman's lips. One can fancy the boss calling out, "Look here, who's got that last take of the Sermon on the Mount?" and the reply, "I'm setting up Ananias, you old"—mutter, mutter, mutter.

When the steamer arrived in New York she was met by a horde of representatives of other publishing houses eager for their copy. The forms belonging to the Appletons had been stereotyped on board and the type returned to its boxes. The plates went up to the publishing house, and within twenty-four hours the perfected books were being issued to the news-dealers by the hundred thousand at a time. It no doubt cost a heap of money and much brain to conduct this skillful operation, but it will pay and pay largely. "And why," says the adroit speculators, "should not the word of God, according to the latest revision, be profitable in a temporal as well as a spiritual sense?" It is very likely that copies of the American edition will be sold in England before the sleepy British printers get the work bound. —N. Y. Correspond. St. L. Globe Democrat.

Notice.

The annual meeting of the Public Schools of the City of Holland, of the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, for the transaction of such business as may lawfully come before it, will be held at the Union School building, on Monday, the 5th day of September, at 7½ o'clock in the evening.

Dated, this 24th day of Aug., A. D. 1881.
ISAAC FAIRBANKS,
Secy of the Board of Education.

The Law of Kindness

Is universal; it effects all the human family, all animals, and may be even found in patent medicines. Some are drastic, and the patient is obliged to suffer pains worse than the disease; but in cases of obstinate constipation, dyspepsia, there is no remedy so kind, so gentle in its effects, and yet so satisfactory, as Burdock Blood Bitters. Price \$1.00, trial size 10 cents.

Household Words.

James Pearson, 28 Sixth Street, Buffalo, says: "I have used your Spring Blossom for myself and family, and think it invaluable as a household remedy, for regulating the bowels, liver and kidneys. I shall never be without it." Price 50 cents, trial bottles 10 cents.

Special Notices.

Closing Out

At Cost for the next 30 days all kinds of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, such as Plows, Spring Harrows, Cultivators, Drills, etc., etc., at the Hardware Store of WM. C. MELIS.

A BEAUTIFUL assortment of new styles of felt hats, for young men and boys. Call and examine them at the store of D. BERTSCH.

Look out for a new stock of the most beautiful fancy ribbons ever brought to town, in the store of D. BERTSCH.

FINE smoking and chewing tobaccos on hand at the novelty store of E. S. DANGREMOND.

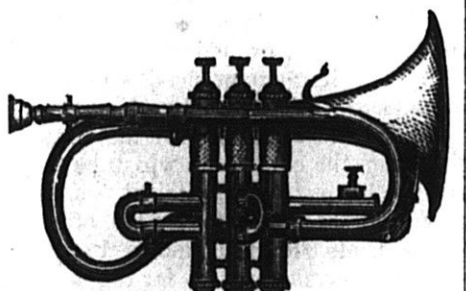
WANTED—A small house, or rooms, for a family of two. For further information inquire at THIS OFFICE.

I, Harry Van Zee, formerly associated in business with my father, at Holland, Mich., respectfully invite all my friends and acquaintances to call on me at the BOSTON SHOE STORE, 66 Canal str., when in Grand Rapids. I guarantee to save you from 25 to 40 per cent on each dollar, and sell you nothing but reliable solid goods. Do not forget where I can be found—at the BOSTON SHOE STORE, No. 66 Canal str. Or, if you need clothing I will direct you to the best and cheapest place. I will save you the expense of traveling ten times over. 28-4f

WANTED—Reliable agents in every town of the Union, to sell the best Lithograph Pictures, ever published. Address: H. M. Buhrman, 128 Monroe str., Grand Rapids, Mich. 28-4f.

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J. Van Landegend Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron worker; plumber and steam fitter; does all kinds of sheet metal work, or order, or repairing. Also driven Wells put down, and old pumps repaired. Stoves repaired and put up, etc. etc. Inquire at the Hardware store of J. R. Kleyn, Holland, Mich. 35-1f

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A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—by ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D. author of the "Green Book," &c. The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. WE HAVE ALSO A SURE CURE FOR TAPE WORM. Address The Culverwell Medical Co., 41 Ann St., New York, N. Y.; Post-Office box 4586. 8-ly

STEAMER Fanny Shriver Will make TWO TRIPS DAILY To the harbor of BLACK LAKE. OTHER EXCURSIONS SPECIALLY CONTRACTED FOR. For rates or accommodations address the proprietor CAPT. P. PFANSTIEHL, Holland, Mich. Or Otto Breyman, Express Agent; or Williams Bros., City Hotel, Holland, Mich. 20-3m

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In any Part of the Country.

We mean it, and are prepared to demonstrate the fact. They are operated by either Man, Horse or Steam Power, and bore very rapid. They range in size

3 INCH TO 4 1-2 FEET IN DIAMETER,

and will bore to any

REQUIRED DEPTH!

They will bore successfully and satisfactorily in all kinds of Earth, Soft Sand and Limestone, Bituminous Stone Coal, Slate, Hard Pan Gravel, Lava, Builders' Serpentine and Conglomerate Rock, and guaranteed to make the very best of Wells in Quick Sand. They are light running, simple in construction, easily operated, durable, and acknowledged as the best and most practical Machine extant. They are endorsed by some of the highest State Officials. We contract for prospecting for Coal, Gold, Silver, Coal Oil and all kinds of Minerals.

Also for sinking Artesian Wells and Coal Shafts, &c. We also furnish Engines, Boilers Wind Mills, Hydraulic Rams, Horse Powers, Brick Machines, Mining Tools, Portable Forges Rock Drills and Machinery of all kinds.

Good active Agents wanted in every Country in the World. Address

WESTERN MACHINERY SUPPLY DEPOT,

511 Walnut Street,

SAINT LOUIS, MISSOURI.

State in what paper you saw this. 21-ly

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.

The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine.

It is a positive cure for Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, as Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Pains in Back or Side and diseases that lead to Consumptive Insanity and an early grave. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success. Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars. Price, Specific, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5. Address all orders to J. B. SIMPSON MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold in Holland by D. R. MEENS. 51-ly.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Dirk Kuiper and Adriana Kuiper, his wife, to Mary Metz, dated September twenty-fourth, 1877, and recorded in the Register's office of Ottawa county, on October 18th, 1877, in Liber 8, of mortgages, page 89; on which mortgage there is claimed due, at this date, one hundred sixty four dollars and sixty cents, and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof; Notice is, therefore, hereby given, that said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public vendue, of the mortgaged premises, to-wit: the east half of lot numbered three, in block fifty-five, city of Holland, Ottawa county, Michigan, at the front door of the Ottawa County Court House, in the city of Grand Haven, on October third, 1881, at one o'clock, afternoon, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, with interest and costs. Dated, July 15th, 1881. J. C. POST, Attorney. MARY METZ, Mortgagee. 23-13w

EARS FOR THE MILLION!

Positively Restores the Hearing, and is the only Absolute Cure for Deafness Known.

This Oil is extracted from a peculiar species of small WHITE SHARK, caught in the Yellow Sea, known as *Carcharodon Rondeletti*. Every Chinese fisherman knows it. Its virtues as a restorative of hearing were discovered by a Buddhist Priest about the year 1110. Its cures were so numerous and many so seemingly miraculous, that the remedy was officially proclaimed over the entire Empire. Its use became so universal that for over 350 years no Deafness has existed among the Chinese people. Sent, charges prepaid, to any address at \$1 per bottle.

Only Imported by HAYLOCK & CO., Sole Agents for America. 7 Day St., New York.

Its virtues are unquestionable and its curative character absolute, as the writer can personally testify, both from experience and observation. Among the many readers of the Review in one part and another of the country, it is probable that numbers are afflicted with deafness, and to such it may be said: "Write at once to Haylock & Co., 7 Day Street, New York, enclosing \$1, and you will receive by return mail a remedy that will enable you to hear like anybody else, and whose curative effects will be permanent. You will never regret doing so."—Editor Mercantile Review. 41-8m.

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO.,

Will make, for the next 60 days only, a Grand Offer of

Pianos and Organs.

\$850 Square Grand Piano for only \$245.

STYLE 3 1-2 Magnificent rosewood case elegantly finished, 3 strings, 7 1/2 Octaves, full patent cantante agraffes, our new patent overstrung scale, beautiful carved legs and lyre, heavy serpentine and large fancy moulding round case, full iron frame, French Grand Action, Grand Hammers, in fact every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the instrument has been added.

Our price for this instrument boxed and delivered or board cars \$245 at New York, with fine Piano Cover, Stool and Book, only

This Piano will be sent on test trial. Please send reference if you do not send money with order. Cash sent with order will be refunded and freight charges paid by us both ways if Piano is not just as represented in this Advertisement. Thousands in use. Send for Catalogue. Every instrument fully warranted for five years.

PIANOS \$160 to \$400 (with Stool, Cover and Book). All strictly FIRST-CLASS and sold at Wholesale Factory prices. These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the Highest Honors. The squares contain our New Patent Scale, the greatest improvement in the history of Piano making. The new patent scale Uprights are the Finest in America. Positively we make the finest Upright Pianos, of the richest tone and greatest durability. They are recommended by the highest musical authorities in the country. Over 11,000 in use, and not one dissatisfied purchaser. All Pianos and Organs sent on 15 days' test trial—freight free if unsatisfactory. Don't fail to write to us before buying. Positively we offer the best bargains. Piano Catalogue mailed free. Handsome Illustrated Descriptive Piano Catalogue of 50 pages mailed for 6c. stamp. Every Piano fully warranted for 5 years.

JUBILEE ORGANS Our New Style Jubilee Organ in Japanese Case, called the "ORIENTAL," Style 99, is the handsomest, tastiest and sweetest toned Parlor Organ ever offered the musical public. It contains FIVE OCTAVES, FIVE sets of Reeds, viz.: Melodia, Celeste, Diapason, Sub-bass and Celestina. Also Fifteen Beautiful Stops, as follows: Melodia, Celeste, (a charming stop), Diapason, Sub-bass, Echo, Dulcet, Melodia Forte, Celeste Forte, Expression, Treble Complete, Celestina, Bass-Coupler, Grand Organ, (which throws on the entire power of the instrument), Right Knee Stop and swell, Left Knee Stop and swell. Height, 70 in.; Length, 47 in.; Width, 34 in.; Weight, boxed, \$50 lbs. The case is of solid walnut, veneered with choice woods, and is of an entirely new and beautiful design, elaborately carved, with panels, music closet, lamp stands, fretwork, &c., all elegantly finished. Possesses all the latest and best improvements, with great power, depth, brilliancy and sympathetic quality of tone. Beautiful solo effects and perfect stop action. Regn at retail price \$275. Our wholesale net cash price to have it introduced, with stool and book, only \$87—as one organ sold sells others. Positively no deviation in Price. No payment required until you have fully tested the organ in your own home. We send all Organs on 15 days' test trial and pay freight both ways if instrument is not as represented. Positively, our Organs contain no "Bogus" sets of Reeds, or "Dummy" stops, as do many others. We make no misrepresentations, and guarantee honest and fair dealing, or no sale. Fully warranted for 5 years. Other styles \$35, \$50, \$57, \$60, \$70, \$75, \$85, etc. Over 34,000 sold, and every Organ has given the fullest satisfaction. Organ Catalogue mailed free.

Factory and Warerooms, 57th St. and 10 Ave.

SHEET MUSIC Catalogue of 3,000 choice pieces sent for 3c. stamp. This Catalogue includes most of the popular music of the day and every variety of musical composition, by the best authors. Address,

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO., P. O. Box 2058, New York City.

21-8mo

Phosphate and Grain Drills

at the Hardware Store of

W. C. MELIS.

We the undersigned hereby testify that we have used the Superphosphate, advertised by Mr. Wm. C. Melis, at Holland, on part of our wheat lands, and that we have by experience that the wheat produced on the lands manured by phosphate is considerable better; the straw is heavier, about 2 1/2 inches taller, and that the yield of grain was increased thereby about 25 per cent.

Our intention is, to use it again next year.

W. DIEKEMA. F. PLASMAN.

TOWN HOLLAND, Mich., July 12th, 1881. 27-4f

\$1,000 FORFEIT!!

Immix Cancer Cure Depot, Coat-cook, P. Q. Canada.

CANCER CURED

without the use of the Knife.

The only permanent Cure in the world. For particular enclose two 3 cent stamps to S. C. SMITH, Coat-cook, P. Q. Canada.

Cures Swift and Certain. (Any paper can publish this for \$5 per year, with this note and paper sent regularly.) 1-ly

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y. 1-ly

WANTED 10,000 BUSHES BUCKEYES, of which I make Buckeye Pile Ointment, Warranted to cure Files. Address with stamp, Dr. J. N. Teller, St. Louis, Mo.

D. THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD

FACTS!!

HENRY CLEMENT, Almonte, O., says he was so thoroughly disabled by Chronic Rheumatism that he used two bottles, and is radically cured.

S. A. HEWITT, Monterey, Mich., says it works like a charm, and can't be beat for Coughs, Colds, Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

J. W. MILLER, Columbus, O., says that a couple of doses cured his child of diphtheria, after all other remedies had failed.

JOHN WAERNER, 1173 Michigan street, Buffalo, says he had been troubled for years with Rheumatism of the knee, but Electric Oil has cured him thoroughly.

O. E. COMSTOCK, Caledonia, Minn., says while suffering from inflammatory Rheumatism one application gave instant relief, and two bottles cured him.

IS IT NOT WORTHY OF A TRIAL?

Sold by all Druggists. PRICE 50 cents and \$1.00.

Go to D. R. MEENS for Mrs. Freeman's New National Dyes. For brightness and durability of color they are unequalled. Color 2 to 5 lbs., price 15 cents.

1881. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1881.

MILLINERY & LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

Bonnets, Hats, Feathers,

Flowers, Laces, Beaded & Silk Fringes

JACKETS, CIRCULARS AND DOLMAFS,

FANS & PARASOLS IN GREAT VARIETY.

Silk & Satins in all desirable Colors. Crape, Gloves, Hosiery.

German town Yarn, Woosted, Canvas, Embroidery.

SILK AND HAIR GOODS.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET . . . HOLLAND MICH

Notings.

Hot! It has been dangerously hot!

REV. D. Van Pelt and lady arrived home on Thursday evening.

Miss Catherine De Vries has arrived home from a long visit to Chicago.

Mr. & Mrs. J. Hummel returned from a journey to Europe on Tuesday evening last.

A shower of rain on Thursday morning was the most refreshing thing we have had for a long while!

While in Zeeland recently we noticed that Mr. P. Kleis, has opened a branch butcher shop in that village.

Our rail facilities are unsurpassed! If we can get half as good steamboat facilities we will feel very happy!

REV. M. D. Terwilliger and family are visiting relatives at Jackson, and attending General Conference of the M. E. Church.

LAST Saturday, Sunday and Monday was the hottest season ever experienced in this city. The different thermometers ranged from 98 to 100 degrees in the shade.

A. V. NELSON, a brakeman on the local freight of the Ch. & W. M. R. R. fell off the train at Watervliet, on Thursday last, and broke his right arm and cut and bruised his face.

THE services in the M. E. Church tomorrow will be presided over by I. Fairbanks, Esq., at the usual hours in the morning, and Professor Chas. Scott will preach in the evening.

Mr. A. S. Parks, of Marquette, Gen'l freight agent of the Marquette, Houghton & Ontonagon R. R., son of W. H. Parks, Esq., of this city, was in town this week visiting his relatives.

THE dwelling house of H. V. De Bunte, at Drenthe, Mich., was destroyed by fire on Tuesday last. The contents were all lost. The fire originated near a stovepipe. The value of the house and contents were small.

A WEEK ago the people held their breath awaiting the news of President Garfield's death, which seemed inevitable. But Saturday night, to the delight and surprise of everybody, he took a turn for the better, and since has been steadily, though slowly improving.

Messrs. Veenekhausen & Sons are building a large new kiln at their brick yard. This yard is constantly increasing its capacity. The quality of their brick is of such a uniform good high standard that the demand on them exceeds their capacity. We consider it one of the finest and steady increasing businesses in this county.

AN explosion in the gas-house of the Cutler House, at Grand Haven, on Thursday morning, tore the building to atoms, probably fatally injuring Charles Cutler, brother of Dwight Cutler, owner of the hotel. Joe H. Spiers was badly hurt and will probably lose an arm, if not his life. The explosion also injured, not seriously, H. Roseboom and the engineer. Other damage and loss slight.

U. S. INSPECTOR Gee will please accept our thanks for a complete diagram of our harbor. We intend to publish it verbatim, showing the location of the piers, stage of water and course of channel according to a certain scale. It is now in order for our citizens who take an interest in spreading the good news among their friends to leave their orders for extra copies at this office, before Monday evening next, so that we shall have an idea how many to print. Let it be remembered that our harbor is at present in a better condition than it has ever been before, and it is high time that we do as much with that fact as we can.

A VERY ludicrous practical joke was played on some people, in this city on Tuesday evening last. Mr. P. J. Koning felt something crawling up in his trousers and not knowing what it was imagined it to be a rattlesnake, and "hollered." He grabbed the substance, and called for aid, collecting thereby quite a concourse of people, among whom were two doctors, who were ready to scalp the snake and save their patient; but upon careful unfolding and opening of the pants it was found to be a — frog, whose scratches were augmented into bites. The laugh it created among the crowd can better be imagined than described.

THE Ottawa county board of examiners has adopted the following schedule of examinations:

Special examination at Grand Haven in the Court House, Sept. 2, 1881.
Special examination at Berlin, in school-house, Sept. 8, 1881.
Special examination at Hudsonville, schoolhouse, Sept. 9.
Regular examination at Grand Haven at Court House, Oct. 28.
Special examination at Holland, time to be fixed.
Regular examination at Grand Haven in Court House, March, 1882.
All examinations to be both oral and written and to begin at 9 a. m.
At the special examinations in the year 1881 only third grade certificates will be granted.
JAS. F. ZWEMER, Sec'y Bd of Examiners.

Don't fail to turn out to the Firemen's Review on Thursday next.

KEEP courage! There are plans on foot for Macatawa Bay which will echo yet!

DR. H. Kremers reports a case of diphtheria in the eastern part of Overijssel, Mich.

AFTER an estrangement of two years Mr. and Mrs. S. Reidsema reunited on Thursday evening last.

Mr. H. Boone was made happy on Monday morning by the receipt of a bouncing girl—said to tip the beam at about 10 lbs.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Sept. 1, 1881: William Boulter, John Raggs, 2. WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

Mr. John De Vries, residing about three miles north of Zeeland, fell off a barn on Wednesday last, and broke his left thigh bone. Dr. Baert was called to help him.

GRADUALLY things are being fixed up around our new depot. The American Express Co. have put up a neat little building for their business, in close proximity to the depot.

Mr. Coenraad Hofman, one of our earliest settlers, and for many years township clerk, died in this city on Tuesday last, at a ripe old age. He was universally respected as a christian and an excellent citizen.

Mr. M. Van Duine, well-known in this city, has added another business to his boot and shoe store in Zeeland. He has made arrangements to keep on hand a good supply of cigars, pop, root beer, etc. Van Duine has an eye to business, which is commendable, to say the least.

Mr. Jy. Woltman, traveling agent for a large dry goods house in Boston, is in town selling a large amount of goods for the fall and winter trade. We noticed Mr. J. G. Van Putten buying a large stock of selected goods, which will be put on the shelves in their store in a few days.

On Monday last Mr. J. de Vechter, baker, at Zeeland, had a run-away, between 6 and 7 o'clock in the evening. The horse ran against Mr. Borat's cheese wagon, smashed the wagon, and the horse ran a mile throwing him out, and breaking a bone in his left hip. Dr. Baert was summoned to help the unfortunate baker.

THE Century Co., publishers of Scribner's Monthly (to be known as "The Century Magazine" after October), will soon issue a portrait of Dr. J. G. Holland, which is said to be a remarkably fine likeness; it is the photograph of a life-size crayon drawing of the head and shoulders, recently made by Wyatt Eaton, and will be about the size of the original picture. It is to be offered in connection with subscriptions to The Century Magazine.

We have noticed that there is quite some feeling about the Voskamp murder case, not alone, but also about the cases growing out of it, in different parts of this county. One of our county papers—notably the Grand Haven Herald, seems to feel called upon to deride and condemn the would-be lynchers of that despicable Voskamp—the Ottawa County Guitteau—to such an extent that some people begin to think that the Herald is going to champion the cause of Voskamp and Guitteau, alike; and why not alike? One is just as bad as the other. Now, in answer to several and repeated questions as to how we felt about this Voskamp matter, we will say, and we want it distinctly understood, that we regretted that the viper was not hung before the sheriff got him in charge. But, after the sheriff had him, we were not in favor of interfering with the officers of the law, or their duty. But, to commence a tirade against those Coopersville and Lamont people—honorable citizens, who were and are prompted only by the same motive as those who are ready in Washington to avenge the expected death of the President—so that the General-in-Chief had to provide extra troops to protect Guitteau—is "a horse of an entirely different color." We will forgive those people gladly for their error—if it is an error. And we sincerely hope that the humane spirit of our Prosecuting Attorney, of which we know he is possessed, will view the matter as the people do, and not as an unfeeling statute book proscribes. Where is the man or woman who would vindicate a Voskamp or a Guitteau, either direct or indirect? Take it home, and tell us what you would do? We hope that Judge Arnold will be imbued with such righteous indignation that he will refuse to grant the motion for a change of venue for Voskamp. We ask that he may be tried by the people of this county, whom he has outraged and who will have to pay the cost of the same. There are no circumstances connected with the entire case, so far as the public knows, which can help him in the least. It was a deliberate, cruel murder—in the first degree. It is high time that such crimes be stopped (if possible) in the most peremptory manner. It has become a necessity! "An eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth."

Mr. Henry Ferry, of Detroit, is home on a visit.

BETWEEN Holland and Zeeland corn looks pretty well, and in some places it is being cut.

REV. M. D. Terwilliger will stay among us another year. The official board of the M. E. Church says so, by a unanimous vote! Very good.

MUSKOGON had a big thunderstorm Aug. 31, which did considerable damage. Mrs. A. Doornbosch was killed and her husband injured by lightning, another woman was badly hurt, and a horse was killed.

On Thursday next, the 8th day of September, the entire Fire Department of the city of Holland will turn out for review by the authorities, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. By order of JOHN BEUKEMA, Chief Eng.

Mr. H. J. Coster, who has been known here in the early days as a tanner, afterwards removed to Chicago, and lately again lived among us, died on Sunday last, and was buried on Tuesday. Mr. Coster was a man of excellent education, and of a varied experience which might fill volumes, but we are not permitted to lift that curtain. Peace to his ashes!

Real Estate Transfers in Ottawa County.

For the week ending Aug. 31, 1881.

This list includes only such as seem to be bona fide sales, quit claims, where the consideration is very small, not given.

Emma A. Hopkins to Frank C. Bury, part lot 7, Sec. 15—8—16. \$255.
Sarah E. Hopkins to John T. Drake, N ½ S W ¼ Sec. 35—5—16. \$2,000.
Roelof S. Postma et al. to the Chicago & West Mich. R. R. Co., part unnumbered blk in Add. 1 lying N blk A Holland City. \$1,500.
Geo. Eastman and wife to Mrs. Ann Broomhall, N ½ E ¼ & W ½ S E ¼ Sec. 14—7—15. \$250.
Wm. Wachter and wife to Thomas Bell et al, S ½ lot 6 blk 12 Barber add Spring Lake. \$150.
Bennett Harrison and wife to Hugh E. Harrison, W ½ E ¼ S W ¼ Sec. 18—6—15. \$400.
Pheba S. Porter to James P. Scott, E ½ N ½ N W ¼ Sec. 3—6—14. \$300.
Levi Tracy, et al Townsends E. Gidley, N ½ N ½ N E ¼ Sec. 34—8—16. \$100.
Horace E. Hutchins and wife to Brookline Brittain N ½ N W ¼ Sec. 15—8—13. \$3,000.
George C. Rice to Wells Parrieh, S E ¼ S E ¼ Sec. 18—7—14. \$540.
Taeke A. Berkompas to Hessel Postma, lot 8 blk 27, city of Holland. \$115.
Gabriel Roebach and wife to Roelof Ten Have, Sr. N E ¼ N W ¼ Sec. 36—6—15. \$700.
Mary W. Kollen et al to C. & W. M. R. R. Co., N ½ W ¼ of unnumbered blk in add 1 Holland City. \$300.
Marie C. Paton to Martha Sprick, lot 212 and W ¼ lot 217, Grand Haven. \$1,000.
Healy C. Akely and wife to Luman and Lucas Jensen, E ½ W ½ N W ¼ Sec. 33—7—14. \$400.
Farlen Q. Ball and wife to Merrick A. Richardson, S E ¼ N E ¼ & N E ¼ S E ¼ Sec. 27—6—13. \$800.

GRAND HAVEN ITEMS.

SCHOOL has commenced last Monday with a large attendance of pupils and aside of a few changes, with the same corps of teachers.

THE barge H. C. Akeley has crowded the blast furnace at Fruitport, to such an extent with iron ore that she will be hauled off the Escanaba line and put into the grain trade for the balance of the season.

QUITE a number of children have died during the past month, of summer complaint, and many more are suffering of the same disease, but it is hoped that the approaching cool weather will soon work a change for the better.

IT has been very warm; yes, hot, for the last few days back. On Monday the thermometer noted 92 degrees in the shade, which is the greatest heat known here for many years. Everybody is complaining about the drought, and milk and butter are clear above par on account of the scarcity of grass.

MR. Wm. H. Jones, the well-known Steward of the propeller New Era had his middle finger of the right hand amputated by Dr. Van der Veen on Tuesday. He had the finger crushed some time ago by the chimes of a barrel and pus forming in the joint, threatening mortification, made the operation necessary.

MR. Wm. T. Bailey, whose mill burned here this spring, has removed himself with family, and a large amount of material for a new mill, to Duluth, on Lake Superior, where he intends to start in business. His goods left here on Monday morning on the steam barge Hilton, which was chartered for the occasion.

ON the 12th of this month the people of this city will be called upon to vote on the issue of \$15,000 in bonds for the purpose of erecting waterworks, for the supply of the city with water in case of fire. A matter which is of the utmost importance in case of a conflagration, as the present supply is utterly inadequate and in many cases no water can be obtained at all, to supply the fire engines.

CAPT. Frank Brouwer of the Tug Twilight has completed arrangements with Mr. D. Robertson to have a steam yacht built here, which he intends to put on Macatawa Bay, (Black Lake) to run as a pleasure boat from Holland to the mouth. Her dimensions are to be 60 feet keel, 14 feet beam and 6 feet depth of hold. She is to be built after an approved model and is calculated to be very fast. Such a boat will fill a long felt want at Holland and Capt. Brouwer deserves the support of the public in his enterprise.

BARGAINS IN COLORED DRESS SILKS.

In addition to our great sale of Black Silks and Black Caahmeres, we offer a splendid line of Dress Silks in the newest Fall Shades, at fully 20 per cent. less than their real value.

One lot 19 inches wide, excellent quality,
\$1.00 per Yard, Worth \$1.25

One lot 21 inches wide, extra heavy,
\$1.25 Fully Worth \$1.50.

These prices will only hold good a short time, as we can not duplicate at these figures.

F. W. WURZBURG.
COR. CANAL & BRONSON STS.
Grand Rapids, Mich.
Open every evening with 4 Electric Lights, making our store in the evening as light as day. Exclusive Agency of the celebrated perfect fitting Domestic Paper Fashions.
Any person buying material amounting to \$5 or upward, will receive a pattern free of charge.

Stekettee's Pin Worm Destroyer



Is the only sure cure for the destruction of the Pin Worm, and it also takes the Stomach and Tape Worm. No physic is necessary. Price, only 25 cents per bottle. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
GEO. G. STEKETEE, Sole Proprietor.
89 Monroe St., GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

IN THE NEW
GROCERY
AND
DRY GOODS STORE
OF
C. STEKETEE & BOS,

on the corner of River & Ninth Sts.
Can now be found, not alone a complete stock of Groceries, —always of the Freshest and Purest, but also all kinds of Farmers Produce, Provisions, Etc., Etc.

Also a very large and assorted stock of
DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics

Crockery, Stone & Glassware.

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
C. STEKETEE & BOS.
HOLLAND, Sept. 30th, 1880.

Otto Breyman
—Dealer in—



Jewelry, Watches,
Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

I have engaged the services of Mr. N. H. Reynolds, of Chicago, an expert mechanic, who will do the repairing of watches, so that our work can be warranted.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

(I will also keep on hand a full line of
SPECTACLES

—and a—
FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

I have, and intend to keep on hand a superior lot of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, such as Violins, Guitars, Bangos, Accordeons, etc., etc.
Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.
O. BREYMAN.
HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1, 1881. 48-17

STEKETEE'S
Neuralgia Drops,

The only medicines used without turning the stomach wrong side out. I warrant the cure of

NEURALGIA,

providing it is used according to direction.

Price 50c per bottle.

Now is the chance
for Farmers.

Our popular wagon manufacturer

J. FLIEMAN,

Offers his superior made wagons just as cheap as anybody sells them in Zeeland, and claims that they are a

Better wagon in every way

Call and Examine.

Also keeps on hand a line of

TMKEN SPRING BUGGIES

AND

Open and Top Buggies,

ALSO AGENT FOR

BATH PLATFORM SPRING WAGON

WORKS.

J. FLIEMAN,
Holland, Mich.

A fine assortment of all kinds of

DRESS GOODS.

A full line of

SHAWLS,

A large assortment of

SILKS

AND

RIBBONS.

A full line of Hosiery, Skirts and a nice assortment of white shirts, etc.

A full line of

BOOTS and SHOES

We have excellent TEA for 25 cents per pound and upward.

Eastern Salt at Bottom Prices.

A full line of CANNED GOODS, PICKLES and a complete line of

GROCERIES

Always on hand at
P. & A. STEKETEE.
HOLLAND, Mich., May 18th, 1881.

THE CARPENTER'S WOOING.

"Oh, beam my life, my soul to me!"
He cried, his dame addressing—
"If I adore such a love as yours,
I'll be no other blessing!"
"I am no other blessing!"
The maiden said with laughter.
"For the hammer a guileless girl,
It's plain what you are after;
Now, the love you just a bit
What further will you ask me?
Can you be content with that,
Or will you further take me?"
He looked and saw her words were square,
No rival can displace me—
Yes, one more favor I implore,
And that is, dear Ben, marry me?"
—St. Louis Times-Journal.

THE SQUEAL.

She came full of life to his arms;
He really made him stare
To have her make a bolt for him
Before he could prepare.
He tried to screw his courage up
And did his level best
To nail the matter then and there,
While she slipped into his arms,
Says he: "It's a good thing for me;
Awful seems to hinge on this;
And what is mortals plans to me?
The porch child waits a kiss."
He kissed her on the cheek and cheek,
And called her his adored one,
He does his claw-hammer next week,
And she will share his board.
—Yacoub Strouas.

BELLA'S GLOVE.

"Well, girls, what shall we do to-day?"
It was on the broad piazzas of the Baden-Baden Springs, one of the summer hostilities in the Santa Cruz mountains. Not a man to be seen—the long piazza was a vista of skirts. At one end sat the matrons; either doing some one of those numberless things called "fancy-work," or else retailing their household troubles. At the other sat the young ladies, some with novels in their laps, some idle. They were gazing listlessly across the garden to the disused croquet ground. "No one said, 'Let's play croquet.' No, indeed, there had been a pitched battle on the croquet ground the day before. Miss Helen Winn had remarked that she named no names, but when a person was wired she did not think it fair for her to move her ball when the others were not looking. Upon this Miss Tillie Robertson had burst into tears, and said that Miss Winn was "a hateful thing." Miss Carrie Bunner, partner to her of the tears, immediately laid down her mallet with great dignity, and ostentatiously escorted Miss Robertson from the ground, saying, "There, now, Tillie, 'Never mind them,' etc., all of which was inexpressibly goading to the other side.

By way of showing the two seceders how unnecessary they were, two other ladies took their places, and the game for a while was conducted in the smoothest manner, and the conversation in sugared tones. From the fact, however, that they came home in four different directions it is supposed that something went wrong. John, whose duty it was to put away the mallets and balls after the ladies used the ground, related, on his return to the kitchen, that he found "them there mallets scattered all over creation, just where them gals hung 'em when the game bust up."
No, although they had all "made up," since the influences upon the whole were not favorable to that game which stirs the feminine soul so deeply. By the way, was the woman ever born who would not cheat at croquet if she got a chance?

"Well, girls, what shall we do to-day?" It was Bella Chester who spoke. Now Bella had been mixed up in the quarrel of the day before. If there was any one thing she did not care for, it was croquet without gentlemen. It is unnecessary, then, to tell you that she was coquettish. But she was pretty, too, was Bella—bewitchingly pretty. And of her was not so pretty that other women did not like her, for they did. There are two kinds of pretty women.

"Let's go to the springs," said Helen Winn, "and watch them bottling the waters."
"Pshaw!" said Bella, "there's only an old man and a boy there. Girls," she went on, "I have an idea. How far is it from here to Santa Maria College?"
"About six miles," said Helen.
"Then I'll tell you what let's do. We'll have the rockaway team hitched up, and get John to drive us over there. It's vacation time now, and the students have gone. We'll have the monks show us all over the buildings, the mission church and everything."
They're not monks," said Carrie Bunner, with an air of wisdom (Miss Bunner was a Catholic), "they are fathers."

"Well, I'd like to know what the difference is," said Miss Bella, briskly.
"I—don't know," said Miss Carrie, weakening, "but you must call them fathers, anyway."
"I'll call them anything they like," said Miss Bella. "But come, girls—let's go and get ready."
In fifteen minutes five of the girls were all ready. They had simply put on immense straw hats and very ugly dusters. Their gloves were veterans; their shoes substantial, but not beautiful. In short, they were attired as sensible girls should be for a ride over a California road in summer.

But the minutes passed, and Bella did not come. John chewed tobacco, and soothed his impatient horses as they flicked the flies from off their backs and puffed the ground. John was a faithful servant, a sweet and obedient fellow, and his soul when he was waiting for ladies. He had driven around watering-places for many years, had John.
At last she came. A simultaneous cry arose.

"Why, what ever has kept you so long?"
Suddenly Helen exclaimed: "Well, I declare, if that girl hasn't gone and changed her dress!"
"Yes, and fixed her hair."
"And put on a clean pair of gloves!"
"And changed her boots!"
It was all true. Miss Bella had en-

deavored to shroud these treasons in her duster and hat, but it was useless. She was indeed a pretty sight as she stood there, with one dainty foot upon the step. Even John was moved. He re-actively spat on the high side, and made room for her to sit by him. Miss Bella sprang into the seat. John was better than nothing. And as they spun along the road, she laughed at his well-worn stories, admired his skill as a driver, and when he turned to look at her would drop her eyes. And John? Well, he chewed tobacco. 'Tis wonderfully soothing, in any form, is the maligned weed.

At last the little town was reached, and John dashed up to the college gates in style. The ladies descended, crossed the wide and dreary-looking campus, and applied for permission to see the old mission church and the college buildings. It was granted them, and an olive-skinned Italian priest was detailed to show them over the place. He was gentle and courteous in manner, hard- some in face, and there was a certain dignity about him which impressed even the giddy Bella at first. But not for long.

They passed into the old mission church, with its quaint statues and curious paintings. The peculiar realism which seemed to impress the Latin mind only revolted them, and the image of the Savior upon the cross, the blood trickling from the crown of thorns and from the wound in His side, only made them turn away in disgust. The strange frescoing over the altar, too, did not impress them; they laughed at the four-and-twenty elders seated around the Great White Throne, with "Sancto, Sancto, Sancto," coming from their mouths, while the monkish artist's attempt to represent the Deity shocked them. Then they went into the college, and saw the laboratory, and philosophical apparatus, with its strange electrical machines, globes and what not. From there to the library, where Father Augustine showed them the quaint old books from which dead and gone monks had chanted vespers and matin song. Huge volumes were they, of parchment leaf and leather cover, with giant clasp and hinge, odd-looking notes in red and black, squatty and square (for they were Gregorian), climbed over curious staff-lines. The girls tried to make out the words, but the lettering was strange to them, and, had it not been so, the language would have been. So Father Augustine read out some of the lines, the Latin sounding less harsh in the mellow Italian way than they had thought. And then they looked at the shelves, where imposing tomes held between their covers the writings of the early fathers of the church—those early fathers who were so early that they have had to father all later creeds. Many were the strange characters, many the tongues in which these books were written.

"And can you read all those dreadful languages, father?" asked Miss Bella.
"No, not all," he replied, "but many." And Brother Anselm, who is the librarian, can read them all.

"Can he read that, father?" said Carrie Bunner, with wide-open eyes, turning over a curious looking volume.

"Yes, my daughter," said the monk, smiling, "that is only Hebrew. Even I can read that."

The library exhausted, Father Augustine asked them if they would like to ascend to the observatory, where there was a fine view of the surrounding valley. Miss Bella was the first to speak:

"Oh, girls," said she, "I'm tired, I don't think I care to go. But, since the father has been so kind, some of you go."

But the other girls were tired, too. And so Miss Bella, with an appearance of great self-abnegation, declared that she would go, although Father Augustine politely protested that the climb was fatiguing, and, if tired, she should not attempt it. But opposition only made her more determined, so they went together.

"Oh, what a lovely view!" cried Miss Bella, as they gazed over the fertile valley. "Oh, father, I'm ever so much obliged to you for inducing me to come."

"It is indeed well worth the trouble," replied the priest.

"Father," said Miss Bella, fixing her brown eyes upon him, "what is the reason you say 'my daughter' to Miss Bunner, and not to the rest of us?"

"Because," replied the priest, gravely, "she is a Catholic, and the others are heretics."

"How do you know she is a Catholic?"

"Because she bowed to the Host when in the church, which none of the others did."

"So I am a heretic, too, I suppose?" said Miss Bella, with a pretty pout.

"Yes," said the priest, calmly.

"Am I so dreadful, then?" said the girl, archly.

"No," he replied, flushing slightly, "but—that is—"

"Ah, wicked Bella! you have pierced the priestly armor."

"O come, father!" said she, coaxingly. "call me 'daughter' too. I feel as if I were a leper or something. Ugh!"

And she shivered, and then laughed merrily.

"Very well, my daughter," said the priest.

Miss Bella was as pleased as a victorious General. But she was not content. She leaned out from the window, and as she did so, she dropped a glove upon the floor. When she turned the glove was gone.

Miss Bella could have hugged herself. But all things have an end, and so had the tete-a-tete in the tower. Bella at last descended, and, as usual, found her companions cross through waiting, and, as usual, subdued them. And so they bade farewell to Father Augustine, thanking him for his courtesy, and crossed the campus to the carriage. And when they

reached it, wicked Bella could no longer conceal her story, but told with great glee how she had made an impression upon the heart of Father Augustine. I am afraid she used a slangy word in speaking of it.

Carrie Bunner was horror-stricken. "Bella Chester," said she, "I don't believe a word of it. Do you mean to tell me that he, a priest, would keep one of your gloves?"

"Priests are 'only men,'" said Bella, defiantly.

"Well, I don't care," said Carrie, "I don't believe it, so there."

And the girls climbed into the rock-away, which stood near the old church; the view of the college was thus intercepted.

John had listened meanwhile with much interest. He believed Bella. He privately believed that she could captivate any man, if she set her mind on it. And as he took a fresh chew of tobacco, and prepared to start, he indulged in much quiet mirth at the priest's expense.

Suddenly a black-robed figure appeared around the corner of the church. Bella's heart went down into her diminutive boots.

It was Father Augustine.

"I wonder if he heard us!" she said to herself.

The monk motioned to John to stop. He advanced to the side of the carriage.

"One of the servants," said he, blandly, doffing his angular cap, "has just come down from the observatory, where he found a glove. It was probably left by the young lady who was there with me. Which was the lady?"

Carrie Bunner's eyes sparkled maliciously. She pointed to Bella.

"Is it yours, miss?" said the monk, smoothly.

Bella mutely nodded. She could not speak. She felt that she was crimson to the roots of her hair.

He handed it to her. "I bid you good day, young ladies," said he, gravely, and he strode off toward the college.

John touched up his horses. He grinned, but said nothing. He was a man and therefore generous. The girls giggled and said a great deal. They were women.

And Bella? Well, Bella had wondered at first whether Father Augustine heard her.

She is wondering yet.

It is Better.

It is better to look up and take pleasure in contemplating the good and great, than to find happiness in low devices and mean acts. It is better to tell the truth than to tell a lie; to do good than to do mean; to have charity than to be critically severe; to love your fellows than to hate them; better to lift up the fallen than to pull down those already up; to speak kind words than to hiss out the gall of bitterness; to keep pure than to reek with filth; to be on the losing side of a right than on the triumphant side of a wrong; to be honest than to cheat; to have honest piety than to be a flaunting hypocrite; to be industrious than to be an idle vagrant; and to be a fair and square human being than to be an uncertain quantity. With your virtue worship the true and you may attain unto greatness, but you can never do it in the eyes of justice by tramping upon, or by despising what is under you. The poor have as bright eyes and tender hearts as the rich. They are not below your consideration. Nature's willow will bend over them with the same grace and beauty they will over the proudest son and daughter of earth. Concerning being true in life, Grace Greenwood says: "Never unsex yourself for greatness. The worship of one true heart is better than the wonder of the world. Don't trample on the flowers while longing for the stars. Live up to the full measures of life, give to your impulses, loves and enthusiasms; sing, smile, labor and be happy. Adore poetry for its own sake; yearn for, strike after excellence; rejoice when others attain it, feel for your contemporaries a loving envy; steal into your country's heart; glory in its greatness, exult in its power, honor its gallant men, immortalize its matchless women." How much better to do these things than to go sulking and skulking through life like some dishonest cur! It is better and easier to do right than to do wrong. You go straight forward to the right, but you approach the wrong by devious and doubtful ways.—Quincy Modern Argo.

A Whale Parent's Devotion.

Sperm whales usually travel in schools, and, in going into a body composed of "cows and calves," the latter, although yielding but a small amount of oil, are "struck" first. By this method both are captured. The mother will not leave her offspring, neither will it attack the boat; but will remain close to the calf, apparently urging it to escape by sounding or by flight. The "little one" can only remain a short time under water, consequently its dame is almost constantly a target for lances, which she will continue to receive, although not being fast to the boat, until life is extinct, when the calf will be killed. She will sacrifice her own life in the attempt to assist her young, and to any one, except a whaler, it would appear like a cold-blooded and heartless murder. Even they cannot help admiring the devotion, and will endeavor to make the struggle as brief as possible. The "calf" exhibits no such filial affection, for, if the mother is harpooned first, he will immediately take French leave, leaving the "old lady" to fight her own battles. Extreme caution is used when striking a calf to avoid a mortal wound, as his death is sure to be followed by the fight of the cow, who knows it instantly.

What a pity flowers can utter no sound! A singing rose, a whispering violet, a murmuring honeysuckle—oh, what a rare and exquisite miracle would these be.—Becher.

PITH AND POINT.

KERNEL SELLERS—peanut vendors.

WONDER if a noise annoys an oyster. If a boy gets on the wrong track it shows that his father's switch has not had a fair chance.

Men are like pins. One with a little head may be just as sharp as one with a big head.

Some men go fishing to get fish, and some don't; those that don't generally get what they go for.

"Do you think you'll be able to pull through?" anxiously inquired the needle of the thread. "Eye guess so," was the curt response.

Says a contemporary, describing an arrest: "He accompanied the police quietly to the lock-up, where our reporter happened to be at the time."

FOND mother: "Is blowing a fish horn likely to result in injury to your boy?" "You wager it is, ma'am, if he blows it near us and we can catch him."

YOUNG LOVER asks: "When is the best time to travel?" When you see the old man and his bulldog coming round the corner, sir, travel for all you are worth.

MRS. SPRIGGINS, when she read of the failure of the Universal Life Insurance Company, sagely remarked that she never did think much of "them Universalists."

"That's what I call a finished sermon," said a lady to her husband, as they wended their way from church. "Yes," was the reply; "but do you know, I thought it never would be."

SUPERFLUOUS—"And so you learn dancing, Bob? And how do you like valuing?" "Oh, it's not so bad! I can manage very well myself, but I think a girl's rather in the way."—Punch.

"ETIQUETTE" writes to inquire if, in our opinion, it would be proper for him to support a young lady if she was taken with a faint—even if he hadn't been introduced. Proper, young man? Certainly, prop her by all means.

"ANNE," said a fond husband to his wife, "what were the current expenses for last month?" "Oh," she answered, "only 28 cents." "Why, how was that?" "Well, you see I only baked cakes twice, and, therefore, used very few currants."

Nor long ago, in a French provincial theater, a baritone made a fearful croak. Hisses and laughter in the audience. Then the artist came gravely forward and saluted the audience: "Messieurs, I discover I have issued a false note; I withdraw it from circulation."

In the parlor, staying late, Harry fingered his fate, "Till me, who cannot sleep, Calls: 'What time is it you keep?' Harry, thinking she would get Time exact her watch to set, Answers, with an air sublime: "Do you wish to know the time?" "Do you know it?" sharp she cries. "Yes'm," sweetly he replies. "I didn't think you did, young man; But if you do, just tell my Ann."

"A FARMER," says an agricultural paper, "does not need so many hands since the invention of the reaping machine." No, by the teeth of the dragon; and as a rule he does not have so many by about one-half. And if he has so many hands, ten to one he hasn't so many fingers.

The threshing machine has robbed country life of one of its most exhilarating pleasures. In the good old days when the flail was the vogue the city visitor could retire to the barn, and, in one short half hour get more bangs and bruises than he can now acquire all day in the diamond field.—Boston Transcript.

"I DECLARE if there isn't the deacon's daughter out with a bran new shawl. Well, I never." "Hush!" said a better-informed female; "tisn't hers. It's one she borrowed from the company that's visiting over t' the deacon's." "Well, there's one thing I know. She can't depend on borrowing to look well in heaven. She'll have to wear her own angel plumage when she gets there." And they both bowed their heads as the minister opened the services.—New Haven Register.

"Twas a sultry and muggy day, but the agent, wiping the perspiration from his low but somewhat-manly brow, and, throwing his linen duster back, began: "Madam, is your husband about?" "Yes, he's about, but I tend to all agents that show themselves 'round here. What is it?" "I'm introducing a threshing-machine in this neighborhood, and—" "Not in this neighborhood, you ain't, if I know it. I'm competent to do all the thrashing that's needed on this farm. You ask my boys, Bill and Sam, and, if you don't believe them, ask my man just over in the lot there," and a slight advance that she made in his direction suggested to him that he had better move on before she tried her power on him.—New Haven Register.

The following verdict was given by a coroner's jury in Canada: "We are of a Pinion that the Deceit met his death from Violent Information in the Arm, produced from Uncoan Cauz." The "information" contained in the verdict is about as "violent" as that which attacked the arm of the "deceit."

"Did you break that window, boy?" said the grocer, catching hold of the fleeing urchin. "Yes, sir." "What d'ye mean, then, by running off in this manner?" "Please, sir, I was running home to get the money. I was afraid if I didn't run quick I might forget."

AUNT MATILDA—"And do you study geography, Janet?" Janet—"Geography! I should think so, indeed!" Janet—"Where's Niagara falls?" Aunt—"Niagara falls! Oh, we haven't got as far as that. We've only got as far as Asia."

With very rare exceptions Western farmers now prefer twine to wire for binding grain.

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A SAFE AND SURE REMEDY FOR

Rheumatism,
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It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors therein checked very speedily by its use. It removes flatulency, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Headaches, Neuralgias, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

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light of a planter; he is like a painter
on his colors; at every moment
sees his effects coming out. There
no art or occupation comparable to
it; it is full of past, present and future
joyment. I look back to the time
when there was not a tree here
Abotsford, only bare heath; I look
and see thousands of trees grow-
up, all of which, I may say, almost

WEBSTER defines an "ornithorhynch" as "a beast with a bill." On the first day of every month our streets are filled with ornithorhynchusses, rushing hither and thither.—*Free Press.*

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Farmers' Column.

The Cabbage Worm.

If you have a thousand remedies against the cabbage worm prepare to use them all, for never before have we seen the butterflies of this worm so abundant as at this time. Already the worms have commenced eating the young plants of winter cabbages, which are so numerous that leaf after leaf is reduced to a skeleton in a few hours. These worms get into the heart of the cabbage even before any head is formed, and thus they will ruin the crop. The first remedy is to hand pick each and every worm, big and little, and draw them all in a can of hot water. This is the most efficient way; and we know that in former years persons have made good crops by picking off the worms by hand, when other crops in the neighborhood, that were not worm picked, were totally destroyed. The present insect is probably the foreign cabbage worm. It is a pale green, hairy looking thing, growing from a small beginning, to be about an inch long and as thick around as a crow's quill. It can be easily found by the extremely large quantity of excrement it discharges and which lodges in the forks of the leaf stems. The butterfly that lays the eggs that produce these worms has four wings, one pair on each side, about an inch long each way, and is of a pale straw color or dull white, with black spots and a dark tinge at the end of the wing. They fly low down and fit along the clover and grass, frequently stopping and then fluttering away again. It flies all day long, and seems to delight in the bright rays of the sun.

After hand picking the worms, then with a garden watering can thoroughly sprinkle the cabbage with boiling hot water. That is, if the water is boiling when poured into a bucket and then poured into the watering can, and then poured out over the plants through the rose or sprinkler in fine jets, it will be sufficiently cooled down as not to injure the cabbage plants and still be hot enough to kill all the worms the water may reach. After this operation a weak solution of salt—say a tablespoonful to each gallon of water—should be used daily, and while the leaves are still wet dust them with wood ashes and air-slacked lime, mixed dry in equal parts. These are some of the remedies recommended, and none of these are poisonous. Of course on an article of human food like cabbages such poisons as Paris green, London purple, white hellebore, &c., cannot be used at all. A small quantity of flowers of sulphur could be mixed in with the ashes and lime—say a tablespoonful to a gallon of the dust—and some persons recommend the sprinkling of strong pine tar water as being offensive to the butterflies, and, therefore, preventing them from laying their eggs on the leaves where the odor of tar or sulphur remained. Entomologists further advise chasing the butterflies and capturing them with nets or sticks. Every butterfly destroyed may be equal to killing fifty or a hundred worms. Pyrethrum is said to kill the worms and not be otherwise injurious, but where can the pyrethrum be found?—*Farmer's Home Journal.*

State of Trade.

The stock of lard in New York is 27,000 tons greater than at this time last year.

About 12,000 head of Texan cattle were received in the Chicago market during the past week.

In some parts of western New York the new wheat yields 40 bushels to the acre.

Some of the Philadelphia linseed-oil manufacturers have made large contracts for new flaxseed.

Grass-fed hog sell at 50¢/75¢ discount as compared with the current prices for corn-fed lots.

Not for many years past has the export trade in meats been so light in Chicago as at this time.

According to the latest returns, the wheat crop of England is a little below the average, and in France considerably below.

Mess pork for January delivery is selling at higher prices than for October delivery, something unusual at this season of the year.

The *San Francisco News* says that all the Vallejo warehouses are full of old wheat, and nobody knows what is to be done with the new crop.

It is reported that German merchants are "short" on lard in their own markets, and have been purchasing in New York recently to provide for outstanding contracts.

Crops in Victoria county, New Brunswick, are reported generally very good, except, perhaps potatoes, which are again this year suffering severely from the Colorado beetle.

Transactions in grain for future delivery in Philadelphia, last week, reached 4,000,000 bushels, the largest on record. One commission house in Chicago traded in 9,000,000 bushels last Friday and Saturday.



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HOLLAND, April 13, 1881. 10-1f

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Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all drugists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 108 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

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\$350 A MONTH! AGENTS WANTED!

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Some of those goods will be sold at Cost, such as

Ladies' & Gents' Buckled & Buttoned Shoes

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Will also be closed out to make room for a large new stock, very cheap.

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Hardware, Nails, Glass,
J. R. K. is just the man for you.

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G. Van Putten & Sons.
HOLLAND, March 25th, 1881.

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Clocks, Watches, Solid Gold
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All Kinds of Spectacles.

Repairing neatly and promptly done, and warranted.

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No. 132 MONROE ST.
Near the Cor. of South Division St.,
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Having on hand a large number of wagons and horses, he is enabled to serve his customers or strangers, at the shortest possible notice, and at the most reasonable rates.

Heavy or Light Draying
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EARLY AND LATE.

Hard and Soft Stove wood for sale, for summer or winter use. Inquire of

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WE HAVE A STEAM

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A Complete assortment of Children's and Infants' shoes for fall and winter, and a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.

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